Stock code: 8070



Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.

2021 Annual Shareholders' Meeting Meeting Agenda

Date:June 17, 2021
Loation:No. 15, Jing 2nd Rd., Nanzih Technology Industrial
Park, Nanzih Dist., Kaohsiung City
(Employee Service Center, Nanzih Technology
Industrial Park)

**If the location of the shareholders' meeting has to be changed due to the epidemic, it will be announced on the "Market Observation Post System"

Table of Contents

	Page
Meeting Procedure	1
Meeting Agenda	2
Status Reports	3
Matters for Ratification	5
Matters for Discussions	5
Extempore Motions	6
Attachments	7
2020 Annual Business Report	8
Audit Committee Report	11
2020 Earnings Distribution Table	12
Endorsement/Guarantee in Fiscal Year 2020	13
Investment in Mainland China in Fiscal Year 2020	15
Handling of Corporate Bonds	17
2020 Parent Company Only Financial Statement	18
2020 Consolidated Financial Statement	27
Comparison Table of "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings" before and after Amendments	37
Comparison Table of "Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets" before and after Amendments	40
Appendix	42
Articles of Incorporation	43
Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings (before Amendments)	50
Shareholding Status of the Directors	56

Meeting Procedure of

Annual Shareholders' Meeting 2021

- I. Call the Meeting to Order
- II. Chairperson's Speech
- **III. Status Reports**
- IV. Matters for Ratification
- V. Matters for Discussions
- VI. Extempore Motions
- VII. Adjournment

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. Meeting Agenda

Time: 9:45 A.M., June 17 (Thu), 2021

Place: No. 15, Jing 2nd Rd., Nanzih Technology Industrial Park, Nanzih Dist.,

Kaohsiung City

(Employee Service Center, Nanzih Technology Industrial Park)

- 1. Call the Meeting to Order [Reports on the numbers of shares from the attended shareholders]
- 2. Chairperson's Speech
- 3. Status Reports
 - A. The Company's 2020 Annual Business Report
 - B. Report by Audit Committee on review of the 2020 Annual Accounting Final Reports and Statements
 - C. Report on the Distribution of Employees and Board Directors' Compensation
 - D.Report on the Earnings' Distribution
 - E. Report on the Company's Endorsement, Guarantee and Financings Provided to Other Parties
 - F. Report on the Company's Investment in Mainland China
 - G.Report on the Handling of Corporate Bonds
 - H.Report on the Privately Placed Marketable Securities
 - I. The Descriptions of Proposals from shareholders

4. Matters for Ratification

A. Ratification of the 2020 Annual Business Report and the Financial Statements

5. Matters for Discussions

- A. Amendment of the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings"
- B. Amendment of the "Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets"
- 6. Extempore Motions
- 7. Adjournment

Status Reports

(1) The Company's 2020 annual business report.

Please refer to page 8-10 of this meeting agenda.

(2) Report by Audit Committee on review of the 2020 annual accounting final reports and statements.

Please refer to page 11 of this meeting agenda.

(3) Report on the Distribution of Employees and Board Directors' Compensation.

The report has been approved by the directors' meeting on March 17, 2021. According to Article 18-2 of the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the distribution of employees and board directors' compensation of 2020 is listed below:

Unit: NT\$

Item	Ratio	Amount	Way of Distribution
Employees' Compensation	2%	21,966,356	All distributed by
Directors' Compensation	2.66%	7,932,711	cash.

(4) Report on the earnings' distribution.

Please refer to page 12 of this meeting agenda.

(5) Report on the Company's endorsement, guarantee and financings provided to other parties.

Please refer to page 13-14 of this meeting agenda.

(6) Report on the Company's investment in Mainland China.

Please refer to page 15-16 of this meeting agenda.

(7) Report on the handling of corporate bonds.

Please refer to page 17 of this meeting agenda...

- (8) Report on 2020 privately placed marketable securities.
 - 1. The report has been approved by the Board of Directors in the annual shareholders' meeting on June 19, 2020. Based on the market and the demand of finance from the Company, the quota of the securities shall be no more than 12,000 thousand shares (after the value par share is changed from \$10 to \$1, the number of shares is changed to 120,000 thousand shares). Under the quota, one could choose one or more matching methods, executing cash dividend market shares/special shares that are privately placed, or the transfer of debts with private placement
 - 2. Considering the fact that the execution time is about to be expired, the Board of Directors decided on March 17, 2021 that no privately placed shares shall be executed afterwards.
- (9) The descriptions of proposals from shareholders.

Explanatory Notes:

- 1. According to Article 172-1 of the Company Act, the shareholders possessing more than 1% amount of total shares shall raise shareholding proposals to the Company, with 300 words per item at its maximum.
- 2. During the period from April 12 to April 22, 2021 when the Company makes public announcements of shareholdings on MOPS, there were no proposals accepted from the shareholders during the time, thus the agenda does not need to be discussed in the annual shareholders' meeting of 2021.

Matters for Ratification

Proposal 1: Proposed by the Board of Directors

Content: Please ratify the Company's 2020 annual business report and 2020 annual financial

statement.

Explanatory Notes:

1. The Company's 2020 financial statement (including the parent company only and consolidated

financial statements) were approved by the board of directors on March 17, 2021, audited and

certified by the accountants Yu-Hsiang Liu and Hung-Ju Liao of Deloitte & Touche and reviewed

with the audit committee report by the Audit Committee.

2. The above-mentioned report(please refer to page 18-36 of this meeting agenda) and annual

business report (please refer to page 8-10 of this meeting agenda) are attached herein.

Resolutions:

Matters for Discussions

Proposal 1: Proposed by the Board of Directors

Content: Amendment of the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings"

Explanatory Notes:

1. The amendments are made according to practical need of execution of the Company and related

regulations.

2. For the comparison table of regulations, please refer to page 37-39 of this meeting agenda.

3. The agenda has been proposed for discussion.

Resolutions:

Proposal 2: Proposed by the Board of Directors

Content: Amendment of the "Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets"

Explanatory Notes:

1. The amendments are made according to practical need of execution of the Company.

2. For the comparison table of regulations, please refer to page 40-41 of this meeting agenda.

3. The agenda has been proposed for discussion.

Resolutions:

5

Extempore Motions

Adjournment

Attachments

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. 2020 Annual Business Report

The Company is deeply involved in semiconductor packaging materials, such as EME, CRM, lead frame and IC Substrate. Its major investments include Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd. the metal lead frame manufacturer owning 54% of the total shares, and JMC Electronics Co., Ltd. the COF substrate manufacturer owning 42% of the total shares, and its overall operations focused mainly on developing semiconductor applications.

Although the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 had a temporary impact on the Company, the Company's operations gradually recovered as the pandemic slowed down. While the pandemic was well managed in Taiwan, the Company was able to capture the effect of switching orders against the odds. Orders from packaging and testing companies and IDM companies continued to prosper along with the revival of automobile electronics industries, Accordingly, the Company's consolidated revenue for 2020 was NT\$16.424 billion, reaching a 6% increase year-over-year, boosting the operating profit to \$1.321 billion, a 20% increase from the same period last year. However, due to the absence of the one-time profit contribution from the investee company, VizionFocus Inc., and the decrease in the investment income of JMC Electronics Co., Ltd. which is recognized by the equity method and the net profit after tax decreased comparing to the same term of 2020. The net profit of the Company in overall is \$997 million, decreasing by 9% compared to the number last year. The earnings per share is \$1.56 and has been earned over one share capital for six consecutive years. The consolidated results of operations at the end of 2020 are listed as follows:

(Parent Company Only)

(Parent Company Omy)					UIII	ii. N I \$1000
Item	202	20	20	19	20	18
Item	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Operating Income	8,998,674	100%	7,892,295	100%	7,514,881	100%
Gross Profit	615,464	7%	535,195	7%	482,958	6%
Gross Profit Margin	7%		7%	_	6%	
Operating Profit	330,063	4%	225,240	3%	252,813	3%
Net Income before Tax	1,068,419	12%	1,183,214	15%	930,347	12%
Net Income after Tax	997,299	11%	1,098,144	14%	856,079	11%

Unit: NT\$1000

(Consolidated) Unit: NT\$1000

(Consolidated)					CIII	ι. 111 φ1000
Itom	202	20	20	19	20	18
Item	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Operating Income	16,424,018	100%	15,464,381	100%	15,756,626	100%
Gross Profit	2,446,976	15%	2,140,148	14%	2,320,725	15%
Gross Profit Margin	15%	_	14%	_	15%	_
Operating Profit	1,321,077	8%	1,097,018	7%	1,389,868	9%
Net Income before Tax	1,613,366	10%	1,774,580	11%	1,748,342	11%
Net Income after Tax	1,362,120	8%	1,405,855	9%	1,316,458	8%

[Financial Performance]

(Parent Company Only)

(I them company only)			
Item	2020	2019	2018
Financial Structure			
Debt Ratio	56%	46%	38%
Long-term Funds to Fixed Assets	14,432%	8,935%	8,089%

Item	2020	2019	2018
Net Asset Value per Share (Note)	10.17	8.75	8.62
Solvency			
Current Ratio	121%	121%	124%
Quick Ratio	103%	107%	106%
Profitability			
Return on Assets	8%	12%	10%
Return on Equity	17%	20%	15%
Net Profit Margin	11%	14%	11%
Earnings per Share (Note)	1.56	1.72	1.35

Note: The change of share par value was completed in August 2020, and the par value after the split was \$1. The comparative period is the retroactively adjusted net value per share and EPS.

(Consolidated)

Item	2020	2019	2018
Financial Structure			
Debt Ratio	62%	55%	49%
Long-term Funds to Fixed Assets	678%	478%	392%
Net Asset Value per Share (Note)	10.17	8.75	8.62
Solvency			
Current Ratio	177%	170%	169%
Quick Ratio	124%	139%	131%
Profitability			
Return on Assets	7%	9%	8%
Return on Equity	16%	17%	16%
Net Profit Margin	8%	9%	8%
Earnings per Share (Note)	1.56	1.72	1.35

Note: The change of share par value was completed in August 2020, and the par value after the split was \$1. The comparative period is the retroactively adjusted net value per share and EPS.

[Research and Development]

CWE Group has been deeply involved in the semiconductor industry for many years, and its core technology lies in its precision of the leadframe process technology. In 2020, the subsidiary, Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd. has leaped to the position of the world's second largest wire frame supplier in terms of revenue and outstanding profit performance. As the Company believes that QFN (Quad Flat No Leads) is in line with the future development trend of thin and short electronic products, it continues to develop QFN wire frame products. With the development of 5G, IoT, Artificial Intelligence and automotive market still leading the long-term development trend, it will continue to inject the profit of semiconductor market and drive the growth of wire frame demand.

The subsidiary, Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd. has applied for patent protection for its EMC LED leadframe, which has the advantages of high density, high heat resistance, anti-yellowness and high airtightness, and the automatic molding equipment, which applies the IC packaging technology of "molding sealant" to the LED leadframe. In addition, the Company has introduced special technology for high-end wire frame products, and has entered into the major automotive semiconductor industries, becoming a new growth engine for future operations.

[Strategy of Future Development]

CWE Group focuses on the production and sales of semiconductor back-end packaging materials, and continues to transform its manufacturing layout, planning to enter the manufacture of flexible substrate materials and cross over to IC Substrate board applications. We will also strengthen our partnership with Taiwan chemical manufacturing companies through equity investment, which will help the Group expand its footprint into the semiconductor front-end.

The supply gap for QFN leadframes is the largest supply line mainly because of the strong demand for laptops and tablets, 5G and WiFi 6, automotive electronics and other related chips.

With the rising application of QFN leadframes in consumer electronics, coupled with the trend of automotive electronics and Mini LEDs taking off, the demand for leadframe capacity will increase significantly. In order to meet customer's demand, CWE Group has responded to the government's "Homecoming" policy and is actively expanding its production capacity through its subsidiary Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd.. Aside from the new plant in Kaohsiung, which broke ground in October 2020, we will also actively set up a plant in Malaysia and a plant in Suzhou, China, to achieve the "One world, Two segments" production configuration and supply major packaging clusters outside of China respectively to further capture market share. The Group is optimistic for the upcoming year of 2021, and is expecting to set new records for annual revenue and profitability.

Chairperson: Manager: Accountant: Canon, Huang Thomas, Huang Elaine, Chen

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. Audit Committee Report

The Board of Directors had prepared and submitted the 2020 Financial Statements (including the parent company only and consolidated financial statements). The audit of the financial statements was completed by accountants Yu-Hsiang Liu and Hung-Ju Liao at Deloitte & Touche, and an audit report was issued. The audit of the aforementioned statements, along with issues such as the 2020 Annual Business Report and the 2020 earning distribution table, submitted by the Board of Directors was reviewed by the Audit Committee, and no inconsistency was found. The audit report was issued in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act.

Yours sincerely,

2021 Annual Shareholders' Meeting of Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.

Audit Committee of Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.

Convener:

Convener:

Convener:

Date: March 17, 2021.

2020 Earnings Distribution Table

		Unit: NT\$
Beginning balance of undistributed earnings		1,188,854,191
Net profit after tax plus the amount of other items accounted for as the undistributed earnings in fiscal year 2020		
Net profit after tax in fiscal year 2020	997,299,260	
Adjustment to retained earnings due to the investment accounted for using the equity method	(162,627,053)	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans recognized in the retained earnings	2,202,654	
The accumulated profit and losses from the disposal of the investment in equity instruments measured at FVTOCI was directly transferred to the retained earnings	47,102,633	883,977,494
Provision of the legal reserve (10%)	(36,451,896)	
Part provided in the first half of fiscal year 2020	(30,431,070)	
Part provided in the second half of fiscal year 2020	(51,945,853)	(88,397,749)
Distributtable earnings in fiscal year 2020		1,984,433,936
Item of distribution:		
The amount of earnings distribution as the dividends for shareholders in the first half of fiscal year 2020 - cash (NT\$0.26 for each share)	(166,087,837)	
The amount of earnings distribution as the dividends for shareholders in the second half of fiscal year 2020 - cash (NT\$1.04 for each share)	(701,361,194)	(867,449,031)
Ending balance of undistributed earnings		1,116,984,905

Chairperson: Canon, Huang; Manager: Thomas, Huang; Accountant: Elaine, Chen

Note:

- 1. The dividend for each share was calculated with the basis of 674,385,763 outstanding shares by March 17, 2021. If the number of outstanding shares or the payout ratio for each share changes due to repurchase of shares, transfer or writing-off of treasury shares, or the transition of convertible corporate bonds, the chairperson shall be authorized to handle all affairs related to the change in the payout ratio of dividends for shareholders.
- 2. The part of the share dividends which was less than NT\$1 was recognized in the section of Employee Benefit Committee.
- 3. The proposals of earnings distribution for the first half and the second half of fiscal year 2020 were respectively approved by the Board of Directors with resolutions made on Nov. 9, 2020 and March 17, 2021.

1. Endorsement/Guarantee in Fiscal Year 2020

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. and Subsidiaries

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Note	Note 1	Note 2	Notes 2 and 4
	Guarantee Provided to Subsidiary in Mainland China	Yes	Yes	o N
	Guarantee Provided by Subsidiary	No	No	N
	Guarantee Provided by Parent Company	Yes	No	N
	Maximum Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Allowable	\$ 3,248,578	2,662,930	2,662,930
Ratio of	Amount of Accumulated Endorsement Guarantee Cuarantee Cuarantee Requiy per Latest Properties Financial Statements (%)	0.75	2.08	1
	Amount of Endorsement Guarantee Collateralized by Properties	· •		
	Ending Balance Amount Actually Drawn	\$ 48,843	110,645	
	Ending Balance	\$ 48,843	110,645	
	Maximum Amount for the Period	\$ 48,843	110,645	341,530
Limits on	Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Provided to Each Guaranteed Party	\$ 1,299,431	1,065,172	1,065,172
rantee	Relationship (Note 3)	7	2	9
Endorsee/Guarantee	Name	Shanghai Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.	Shanghai Chang Wah	Ō
	Endorsement/ Guarantor Provider	The Corporation	Thang Wah Technology	Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd.
	No.	0	1	-

Note I: In accordance with the Corporation's "Procedures for Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees", limits are as follows:

The total amount of guarantees provided by the Corporation shall not exceed 50% of the Corporation's net worth in its latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

2. Except of the guarantor has business relationship with the guarantee, the amount of guarantees to any individual entity due to business relationship shall not exceed 20% of the Corporation's net worth in its latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

In accordance with the Corporation and its subsidiaries' "Procedures of Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees", limits are as follows:

1. The total amount of guarantees provided by the Corporation shall not exceed the Corporation's net worth in its latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

2. Except of the guarantor has business relationship with the guarantee, the amount of guarantees to any individual entity due to business relationship shall not exceed 50% of the Corporation's net worth in its latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd.: The amount of guarantees to any individual entity shall not exceed 20% of its net worth. The total amount of guarantees shall not exceed 50% of its net worth. Note 2:

Relationships between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed are as follows: Note 3:

1. A company that the Corporation has business relationship with.

2. The Corporation owns directly or indirectly over 50% ownership of the investee company.

3. The company that owns directly or indirectly hold over 50% ownership of the Corporation.

4. In between companies that were held over 90% of voting shares directly or indirectly by an entity.

6. Shareholder of the investee provides endorsements/guarantees to the company in proportion to their shareholding percentages.

5. The Corporation is required to provide guarantees or endorsements for the construction project based on the construction contract.

7. According to Consumer Protection Act, companies in the same industry enter into collateral performance guarantees for pre-construction home sales agreements.

Note 4: The guarantee was investment accounted for using equity method before April 2020

2. Loaning of Funds Year 2020

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. and Subsidiaries

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Note	Note 1	Note 2	Note 2	Note 3
Financing Company's Total Financing Limit	\$ 2,598,862	2,130,344	2,130,344	647,378
Financing Limits for Each Borrowing Company	\$ 649,716	2,130,344	2,130,344	647,378
Collateral Value	· •	•	,	•
Colla	None	None	None	None
Allowance for Bad Debt	•	•		
Reason for Financing	Operating capital	1	Operating capital	Repayments of loans
Transaction Amount	. ↔	626,709	ı	•
Nature for Financing (Note 4)	7	-	7	4
Interest Rate (%)		0.9-2.5	2-2.5	3-5
Amount Actually Drawn (Note 5)	\$ 20,000	407,264	•	
Ending Balance	\$ 200,000	407,264	42,720	170,880
Maximum Balance for the Period	\$ 400,000	427,200	42,720	184,902
Related Party	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Financial Statement Account	Other receivables	Other receivables	Other receivables	Other receivables
Counter-party	Chang Wah Energy Technology Co., Ltd.	SH Electronics Suzhou Co., Ltd.	Shanghai Chang Wah Other receivables Electromaterials Inc.	
Financing Company	The Corporation C	Chang Wah Technology Co.,	Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd.	SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd. Surhou Co., Ltd.
No.	0	-	-	2

Note 1: According to "The Process of Financing Other" established by the Corporation, limits are as follows:

1. The total amount of loans shall not exceed 40% of the Corporation's net worth in its latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

2. The amount of loans to any individual borrower shall not exceed 20% the Corporation's net worth in its latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

3. The amount of loans for advance in installments or via revolving utilization shall not exceed 10% of the Corporation's net worth in its latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

Note 2: Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd.: The amount of loans for any individual borrower or the total amount of loans shall not exceed 40% of its net worth.

Note 3: SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd.: The total amount of loans among the subsidiaries, where the parent entity has direct or indirect shareholding of 100%, shall not exceed the Corporation's net worth in its latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

Note 4: The nature for financial is as follows:

1. Business relationship

2. The need for short-term financing

Note 5: Amount was eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. and Subsidiaries

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Note	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2		
Accumulated	Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2020	\$ 697,802	181,110	346,645	•	,
Carrying Amount as	of December 31, 2020 (Notes 7 and 8)	\$ 832,981	328,052	351,959	74,761	428,263
Investment Gain	(Loss) (Notes 7 and 8)	\$ 154,067	47,035	58,921	3,936	155,973
% of Ownershin of	Direct or Indirect Investment	100	100	100	100	100
	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	\$ 154,067	54,785	58,624	3,936	151,527
Accumulated Outward Remittance	for Investments from Taiwan as of December 31, 2020	\$ 66,077	149,668	31,807	64,308	
of Funds	Inward	· •	1	1	1	1
Remittance of Funds	Outward	· •	82,572	1		1
Accumulated Ontward Remittance	for Investments from Taiwan as of January 1, 2020	\$ 66,077	960,79	31,807	64,308	
Method of	Investment (Note 1)	2	2	2	-	7
	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	\$ 242,080	113,920	99,680	56,960	712,000
	Main Businesses and Products	Researching, developing, manufacturing and selling of leadframe, semiconductor materials and precision tools	Shanghai Chang Wah Acting as an agent for IC packaging Electromaterials Inc. materials and equipment	SH Precision Chengdu Researching, developing, Co., Ltd. manufacturing and selling of leadframe, semiconductor materials and precision tools	CWTC (Shanghai) Inc. Selling of lighting materials and equipment, communication devices, semiconductor materials and equipment, electronic products, machinery and equipment, etc.	SH Electronics Suzhou Researching, developing, Co., Ltd. manufacturing and selling of leadframe, semiconductor packaging materials and precision tools
	Investee Company	SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd.	Shanghai Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.	SH Precision Chengdu Co., Ltd.	CWTC (Shanghai) Inc.	SH Electronics Suzhou Co, Ltd.

Investor Company	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment Authorized for Investments in Mainland China as of December 31, 2020 (Notes 4 and 5)	Accumulated Outward Remittance Investment Amount Authorized by Upper Limit on the Amount of a for Investments in Mainland China the Investment Commission, MOEA as of December 31, 2020 (Notes 4 and 5) (Note 6)	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investments Stipulated by the Investment Commission, MOEA (Note 6)
The Corporation	\$ 530,229	\$ 1,057,631	· •
Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd.	64,308	1,299,913	

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following two categories:

1. Direct investment

2. Invest through holding company registered in a third region.

Note 2: SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd. accumulated repatriation of investment income of RMB160,431 thousand (USD23,182 thousand); SH Precision Chengdu Co., Ltd. accumulated repatriation of investment income of RMB39,682 thousand (USD6,027 thousand); Shanghai Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. accumulated repatriation of investment income of RMB39,682 thousand (USD6,027 thousand)

Note 3: The change in the accumulated investment amount remitted from Taiwan in the above table was mainly due to the loss of control in equity or the reinvestment by the invested company at fair value through other comprehensive income.

(Continued)

(Concluded)

- Investments approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs were SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd. USD2,100 thousand, SH Precision Chengdu Co., Ltd. USD4,000 thousand, War Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. USD644 thousand, Shanghai Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. RMB19,729 and USD2,775 from Japanese SH Materials Co., Ltd. and indirectly acquired the shares of other 3 companies included mainland region of SH Electronics Suzhou Co., Ltd. (price: US\$1,571,000), SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd. (price: US\$6,463,000) restructuring, and indirectly transferring three companies' shares of SH Electronics Suzhou Co., Ltd. (price: US\$1,303,000), SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd.. (price: US\$3,751,000) and SH Precision Chengdu Co., Ltd.. (price: US\$1,303,000) thousand, Wujiang Binmao Optronics Co., Ltd. USD551 thousand, Huizhou Weite Electronics Co., Ltd. RMB100,020 thousand and USD900 thousand, How Weih Electronic Technology (Huizhou) Co., Ltd. USD7,613 thousand, Ningbo and SH Precision Chengdu Co., Ltd. (price: US\$2,454,000). In June 2017, the Corporation sold the 40% of Singapore's SH Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd.'s shares to the subsidiary Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd. by through organizational US\$1,188,000). In October 2017, the Corporation sold 100% of its subsidiary, WSP Electromaterials Ltd. to SH Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd. and indirectly transferred ownership of SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd. (USD9,833 thousand), SH Wanquan Photoelectricity Technology Co., Ltd. USD868 thousand and CTRON Advanced Material Co., Ltd. RMB20,000 thousand. In March 2017, the Corporation purchased 40% of the shares of Singapore's SH Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd. Precision Chengdu Co., Ltd. (USD3,165 thousand) and Shanghai Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. (USD8,670 thousand) by organizational restructuring. In March 2020, the Ministry of Economic Affairs approved the Corporation to buy Biostar Microtech Int'l Corp's 30% share of Seychelles Silver Connection Co., Ltd. for NTD295,152 thousand, which indirectly resulted in owning 30% of Sino-1 Electrical Contacts Co., Ltd. in Dongguan City, China. Note 4:
- Investments of the Corporation's subsidiary, Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd. approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs were CWTC (Shanghai) Inc. USD2,000 thousand. In March 2017, the subsidiary, CWTC purchase 60% of its shares of SH Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd. from SH Materials Co., Ltd. and indirectly acquired ownership of SH Electronics Suzhou Co., Ltd. (USD2,356 thousand), SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd. from SH Materials Co., Ltd. from SH Materials Co., Ltd. and indirectly acquired ownership of SH Electronics Suzhou Co., Ltd. (USD2,356 thousand), SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd. from SH Materials Co., Ltd. fr Chengdu Co., Ltd. (USD3,682 thousand). Moreover, in June 2017, the Corporation sold 40% of its shares of SH Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd. to its subsidiary, Chang Wah Technology Co., Ltd. and indirectly transferred ownership of SH Electronics Suzhou Co., Ltd. (USD1,303 thousand), SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd. (USD3,751 thousand) and SH Precision Chengdu Co., Ltd. (USD1,188 thousand) that was owned by the Corporation by organizational restructuring. In October 2017, the Corporation's subsidiary, SH Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd. acquired 100% of WSP Electromaterials Ltd. and indirectly acquired SH Electronics Chengdu Co., Ltd. (USD9,833 thousand), SH Precision Chengdu Co., Ltd. (USD3,165 thousand) and Shanghai Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. (USD8,670 thousand) by organizational restructuring. Note 5:
- Pursuant to the Jing-Shen-Zi Letter No. 09704604680 of the Ministry of Economic Affairs, ROC and the amended "Regulation Governing the Approval of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China" dated August 29, 2008, the Corporation obtained the approval of the operational headquarters from the Industrial Development Bureau of Ministry of Economic Affairs, so there is no ceiling for the investment amount. Note 6:
- Note 7: The basis for investment income (loss) recognition is the financial statements audited and attested.
- Note 8 Amount was eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.Handling of Corporate Bonds April 30, 2021

T	ype of corporate bonds	Domestic unsecured convertible bonds of the 4 th issuance
Date of issue		Nov. 25, 2020
Carrying amou	int	NT\$100,000 for each certificate
Location of iss	ue and trading	Issued within the country, listed in the Taipei Exchange
Issue price		NT\$100.50
Total amount		NT\$1,200,000,000
Interest rate		Coupon rate: 0%
Expiration		5 years; Expiration date: Nov. 25, 2025
Guarantee inst	itution	None
Trustee		Taishin International Bank
Underwriter		KGI Securities Co., Ltd.
Certified attorn	ney	Attorney Peng, Yi-Cheng, Handsome Attorneys-at-Law
Certified publi	c accountant	Deloitte Taiwan Cooperating CPA in the most recent fiscal year: Liu, Yu-Hsiang and Hsu, Jui-Hsuan Cooperating CPA in the most recent term: Liu, Yu-Hsiang, Liao, Hung-Ju
Method of rede	emption	Except being converted in advance, being redempted by the Company in advance, being sold by the creditors in advance, or being written off due to repurchase by the Company, the corporate bonds will be redempted by cash payment in one time according to the carrying amount.
Unpaid princip	pal	NT\$177,200,000
Provisions for	redemption or payoff in advance	Please read the regulations on the issuance and conversion of the corporate bonds.
Provisions of l	imitation	None
Name of credit rating of corpo	t rating agency, date of rating, and the orate bond	None
Other rights attached	Amount of the corporate bonds that were converted (by exchange or share subscription) to common shares, global depository receipts or other marketable securities by the print date of the Company's financial statements	The corporate bonds were converted to 43,155,980 common shares.
	Regulations of issuance and conversion (exchange or share subscription)	Please refer to the information about issuance of bonds provided in the Zone of Bonds and Trust at the MOPS.
be caused by the re conversion, exchar conditions of issua		If all the creditors of the convertible corporate bonds ask for conversion based on the conversion price of NT\$23.70, the maximum dilution rate will be approximately 7.34%. The effect of dilution should be limited.
Name of the custo	dian agency for the exchange target	None

2020 Parent Company Only Financial Statement

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. (the "Corporation"), which comprise the standalone balance sheets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the standalone statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying standalone financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the standalone financial position of the Corporation as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its standalone financial performance and its standalone cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Corporation in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 21, the Corporation had changed the par value of its ordinary shares from NT\$10 to NT\$1 and had reissued the capital shares in August 2020. Moreover, as described in Note 25, earnings per share were adjusted retrospectively.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters of the Corporation's standalone financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 are stated as follows:

Revenue Recognition of Specific Product

Due to the fact that the management may be under the pressure of achieving certain goals and market expectations, the possibility of overstating sales may arise. Sales of EME account for 34% of net operating revenue. Thus, the main risk of revenue recognition of Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. is whether the sales of EME actually occurred. Therefore, revenue recognition of EME is deemed as a key audit matter.

The audit procedures we performed in response to the above key audit matter are the following:

- 1. We understood the design of internal control and tested the effectiveness of the implementation of the internal control on recognition of revenue from sales of EME.
- 2. We selected appropriate samples from the sales revenue record of EME, and examined the customer purchase order, proof of delivery, and proof of payment as pertaining to the same transaction counterparty.
- 3. We obtained details of sales returns and allowance for the year and after the year and verified that the sales transactions actually occurred before the balance sheet date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of standalone financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Corporation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions

are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Corporation to express an opinion on the standalone financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the Corporation's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Yu-Hsiang Liu and Hung-Ju Liao.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

March 17, 2021

Notice to Readers

The accompanying standalone financial statements are intended only to present the standalone financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such standalone financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying standalone financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and standalone financial statements shall prevail.

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Class and cash required in (Notes 4 and 6) 30,443 3	ASSETS	December 31, Amount	2020	December 31, Amount	2019
Cash and ceash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	CURRENT ASSETS				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4 and 17)		\$ 637.657	4	\$ 605.325	6
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current (Notes 4 and 8) 767,426 5 771,843 18 Accounts receivable-related parties, net (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 30) 2,114,800 15 1,523,781 18 Accounts receivable-related parties, net (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 30) 210,400 1 20,501,900 2 2 20,501,900 2 2 20,501,900 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2					
Notes and accounts receivable, net (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 90) 2, 114,890 15 1,897,781 18 18 18 18 19 19 19		- ,	5		8
Accounts receivable-velated parties, net (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 30)		,			
Investment properties (Notes 4 and 10)			-		-
Description Content			1		2
Total current assets	Inventories (Notes 4 and 10)	452,647	3	372,077	4
Total current asserts	Other financial assets - current (Notes 11 and 31)	163,920	1	50,000	-
Non-CURRENT ASSETS	Other current assets	22,448		37,229	
Financial assets a fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4 and 8) 18,092,162 25 55,08,433 6	Total current assets	4,311,554	29	3,980,126	38
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current (Notes 4 and 12) 76,871 1 79,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 17,247 1 1 17,247 1 1 17,247 1 1 17,247 1 1 17,247 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property plant and equipment (Notes 4 and 12) 5,18,26 42 5,240,738 52 7,200,738 52 7,200,738 52 7,200,738 53 7,200,738 53 7,200,738 53 7,200,738 53 7,200,738 53 7,200,738 53 7,200,738 53 7,200,738 53 7,200,738 53 7,200,738 7					
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4 and 13)					
Right-of-size assets (Notes 4, 14 and 30)					
Investment properties (Notes 4, 15 and 30)		,			
Part			-		-
Potential tax assets (Notes 4 and 24)			-		-
Refundable deposits 10,255 1 5.00 1 5.00 1 5.00 1 5.00 1 5.00					
Other financial assets non-current (Notes I land 31) 100,509 1 500 - Total non-current assets 7,680 71 6,384,962 26 Total non-current assets 10,355,878 71 6,384,962 20 TOTAL \$1,4667,430 100 \$10,365,088 100 LIABILITIES Short-term borrowings (Notes 16 and 31) \$1,046,138 7 \$700,000 2 Short-term bilis payable (Note 16) \$1 \$1,099,983 8 905,340 10 Contract fabilities - current (Notes 4 and 22) \$5,307 \$1 80,920 1 Accounts payable (Note 18) \$26,087 \$4 \$15,808 \$4 \$15,808 \$1 Accounts payable (Note 18) \$1 \$40,999,83 \$8 \$95,340 10 \$10		,			1
Other non-current assets 7,680 — 6,261 — Total non-current assets 10,355,876 71 6,384,962 62 TOTAL \$14,667,430 100 \$10,365,088 100 LABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Short-term borrowings (Notes 16 and 31) \$1,046,138 7 \$700,000 7 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 200,000 2 2 20,000 0 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2					-
Total non-current assets 10.355.876 71 6.384.962 62			1		-
Color Colo	Other non-current assets	7,680		6,261	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	Total non-current assets	10,355,876	71	6,384,962	62
CURRENT LIABILITIES	TOTAL	<u>\$ 14,667,430</u>	100	\$ 10,365,088	100
Short-term borrowings (Notes 16 and 31)	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Short-term bills payable (Note 16)	CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Short-term bills payable (Note 16) - 200,000 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2	Short-term borrowings (Notes 16 and 31)	\$ 1,046,138	7	\$ 700,000	7
Contract liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 22) 55.307 1 89.229 1 Accounts payable (Note 18) 1.099,983 8 995.340 10 Accounts payable (Note 18 and 30) 626,087 4 515,480 5 Dividend payable (Notes 19 and 30) 495.305 4 453,895 4 Current tax liabilities (Note 24) 45,536 - 28,155 - Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4, 14 and 30) 6,736 - 7,125 - Other current liabilities 32,396 - 33,355 - - Total current liabilities 3,573,576 25 3,284,487 32 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 3,328,20 23 1,333,281 1 - - - 33,335 - - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 1,133,142 8 - - - - - 1,232,822 23 1,333,281 1 1 1,232,822 23 1,333,281 1 1 1,242,422 29,961		-	-	200,000	2
Accounts payable (Note 18)		55,307	1	89,229	1
Accounts payable-related parties (Notes 18 and 30) 515,480 5		1,099,983	8	995,340	10
Dividend payable 166,088 1 261,908 3 Other payables (Notes 19 and 30) 495,305 4 453,895 4 453,895 4 453,895 4 453,895 4 453,895 4 453,895 4 453,895 4 453,895 5 Case liabilities - current (Notes 4, 14 and 30) 6,736 - 7,125		626,087	4	515,480	5
Other payables (Notes 19 and 30) 495,305 4 433,895 4 Current tax liabilities (Note 24) 45,536 - 28,155 - Current current (Notes 4, 14 and 30) 6,736 - 7,125 - Other current liabilities 32,396 - 33,355 - Total current liabilities NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Bonds payable (Notes 4 and 17) 1,133,142 8 - - Long-term borrowings (Note 16) 3,228,720 23 1,333,281 13 Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 24) 92,171 - 105,198 1 Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4, 14 and 30) 22,742 - 29,561 - Net defined benefit liabilites (Notes 4 and 20) 18,349 - 20,031 - Guarantee deposits 1,575 - 1,575 - 1,575 - Total non-current liabilities 4,596,699 31 1,489,646 14 EQUITY (Note 21) 6 638,799 4 638,799 6 Capital surplus 2,102,872 14		166,088	1	261,908	3
Current tax liabilities (Note 24) 45,536 28,155 2 Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4, 14 and 30) 6,736 7,125 3 Other current liabilities 32,396 2 3,3355 2 Total current liabilities 3,573,576 25 3,284,487 32 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 3 3 8 - - Bonds payable (Notes 4 and 17) 1,133,142 8 - - - Long-term borrowings (Note 16) 3,328,720 23 1,333,281 13 13 12 13 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 14 13 13 14 <td></td> <td>495,305</td> <td>4</td> <td>453,895</td> <td>4</td>		495,305	4	453,895	4
Other current liabilities 32,396 - 33,355 - Total current liabilities 3,573,576 25 3,284,487 32 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 3 1,133,142 8 - - Bonds payable (Notes 4 and 17) 1,133,142 8 - - - Long-term borrowings (Note 16) 3,328,720 23 1,333,281 13 13 12,2742 - 29,561 - - 20,031 - - 20,031 - - - 20,031 -		45,536	-	28,155	-
Total current liabilities 3,573,576 25 3,284,487 32 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 1,133,142 8 - - Bonds payable (Notes 4 and 17) 1,133,142 8 - - Long-term borrowings (Note 16) 3,328,720 23 1,333,281 13 Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 24) 92,171 - 105,198 1 Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4, 14 and 30) 22,742 - 29,561 - Net defined benefit liabilities (Notes 4 and 20) 18,349 - 20,031 - Guarantee deposits 1,575 - 1,575 - Total non-current liabilities 4,596,699 31 1,489,646 14 Total liabilities 8,170,275 56 4,774,133 46 EQUITY (Note 21) 8 6 638,799 4 638,799 6 Capital surplus 2,112,872 14 2,066,051 20 Retained earnings 1,069,492 7 974,269 10	Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4, 14 and 30)	6,736	-	7,125	-
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 1.133,142 8 - - Bonds payable (Notes 4 and 17) 1,133,142 8 - - Long-term borrowings (Note 16) 3,328,720 23 1,333,281 13 Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 24) 92,171 - 105,198 1 Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4, 14 and 30) 22,742 - 29,561 - Net defined benefit liabilities (Notes 4 and 20) 18,349 - 20,031 - Guarantee deposits 1,575 - 1,575 - - 1,575 - Total non-current liabilities 8,170,275 56 4,774,133 46 EQUITY (Note 21) 3,112,872 14 2,066,051 20 Ordinary shares 638,799 4 638,799 6 Capital surplus 2,112,872 14 2,066,051 20 Retained earnings 1,069,492 7 974,269 10 Special reserve 1,277 - 1,277 - 1,277 - Unappropriated earnings 2,941,061 20	Other current liabilities	32,396		33,355	
Bonds payable (Notes 4 and 17) 1,133,142 8 - 105,198 1 1 - - - - - 29,561 - - - 29,561 - - - 20,031 - - - 20,031 - - - - - 1,575 - 1,575 - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - 1,575 - 1,575 - 1,575 - 1,575 -	Total current liabilities	3,573,576	25	3,284,487	32
Bonds payable (Notes 4 and 17) 1,133,142 8 - 105,198 1 1 - - - - - 29,561 - - - 29,561 - - - 20,031 - - - 20,031 - - - - - 1,575 - 1,575 - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - - 1,575 - 1,575 - 1,575 - 1,575 - 1,575 -	NON CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Long-term borrowings (Note 16) 3,328,720 23 1,333,281 13 Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 24) 92,171 - 105,198 1 Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4, 14 and 30) 22,742 - 29,561 - 20,031 - 2		1 133 142	8	_	_
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 24)				1.333.281	13
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4, 14 and 30) 22,742 - 29,561 - Net defined benefit liabilites (Notes 4 and 20) 18,349 - 20,031 - Guarantee deposits 1,575 - 1,575 - 1,575 - Total non-current liabilities 4,596,699 31 1,489,646 14 Total liabilities 8,170,275 56 4,774,133 46 EQUITY (Note 21) 638,799 4 638,799 6 Capital surplus 2,112,872 14 2,066,051 20 Retained earnings 1,069,492 7 974,269 10 Special reserve 1,277 - 1,277 - Unappropriated earnings 1,870,292 13 1,790,605 17 Total retained earnings 2,941,061 20 2,766,151 27 Other equity 804,423 6 119,954 1 Total equity 6,497,155 44 5,590,955 54					
Net defined benefit liabilities (Notes 4 and 20) 18,349 - 20,031 - Guarantee deposits 1,575 - 1,575 - Total non-current liabilities 4,596,699 31 1,489,646 14 Total liabilities 8,170,275 56 4,774,133 46 EQUITY (Note 21) 3,12,275 4 638,799 6 6,477,133 46 EQUITY (Note 21) 2,112,872 14 2,066,051 20 20 2,066,051 20 20 20 20 20 20 1,069,492 7 974,269 10 10 3,277 - 1,270 - 1,274 - 2,2941,061 20 2,766,151 <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>	,		_		_
Guarantee deposits 1,575 - 1,575 - Total non-current liabilities 4,596,699 31 1,489,646 14 Total liabilities 8,170,275 56 4,774,133 46 EQUITY (Note 21) 00 Capital surplus 4 638,799 4 638,799 6 6 60,051 20			_		_
Total liabilities 8,170,275 56 4,774,133 46 EQUITY (Note 21)					
EQUITY (Note 21) 638,799 4 638,799 6 Capital surplus 2,112,872 14 2,066,051 20 Retained earnings 1,069,492 7 974,269 10 Special reserve 1,277 - 1,277 - Unappropriated earnings 1,870,292 13 1,790,605 17 Total retained earnings 2,941,061 20 2,766,151 27 Other equity 804,423 6 119,954 1 Total equity 6,497,155 44 5,590,955 54	Total non-current liabilities	4,596,699	31	1,489,646	14
Ordinary shares 638,799 4 638,799 6 Capital surplus 2,112,872 14 2,066,051 20 Retained earnings 1,069,492 7 974,269 10 Special reserve 1,277 - 1,277 - Unappropriated earnings 1,870,292 13 1,790,605 17 Total retained earnings 2,941,061 20 2,766,151 27 Other equity 804,423 6 119,954 1 Total equity 6,497,155 44 5,590,955 54	Total liabilities	8,170,275	56	4,774,133	46
Ordinary shares 638,799 4 638,799 6 Capital surplus 2,112,872 14 2,066,051 20 Retained earnings 1,069,492 7 974,269 10 Special reserve 1,277 - 1,277 - Unappropriated earnings 1,870,292 13 1,790,605 17 Total retained earnings 2,941,061 20 2,766,151 27 Other equity 804,423 6 119,954 1 Total equity 6,497,155 44 5,590,955 54	POLITIN AL (21)				
Capital surplus 2,112,872 14 2,066,051 20 Retained earnings 1,069,492 7 974,269 10 Special reserve 1,277 - 1,277 - Unappropriated earnings 1,870,292 13 1,790,605 17 Total retained earnings 2,941,061 20 2,766,151 27 Other equity 804,423 6 119,954 1 Total equity 6,497,155 44 5,590,955 54		638 700	4	638 700	6
Retained earnings 1,069,492 7 974,269 10 Special reserve 1,277 - 1,277 - Unappropriated earnings 1,870,292 13 1,790,605 17 Total retained earnings 2,941,061 20 2,766,151 27 Other equity 804,423 6 119,954 1 Total equity 6,497,155 44 5,590,955 54					
Legal reserve 1,069,492 7 974,269 10 Special reserve 1,277 - 1,277 - Unappropriated earnings 1,870,292 13 1,790,605 17 Total retained earnings 2,941,061 20 2,766,151 27 Other equity 804,423 6 119,954 1 Total equity 6,497,155 44 5,590,955 54	* *	2,112,072		2,000,031	
Special reserve 1,277 - 1,277 - Unappropriated earnings 1,870,292 13 1,790,605 17 Total retained earnings 2,941,061 20 2,766,151 27 Other equity 804,423 6 119,954 1 Total equity 6,497,155 44 5,590,955 54		1.069 492	7	974 269	10
Unappropriated earnings 1,870,292 13 1,790,605 17 Total retained earnings 2,941,061 20 2,766,151 27 Other equity 804,423 6 119,954 1 Total equity 6,497,155 44 5,590,955 54		, , .	-		-
Total retained earnings 2,941,061 20 2,766,151 27 Other equity 804,423 6 119,954 1 Total equity 6,497,155 44 5,590,955 54			13		17
Other equity 804,423 6 119,954 1 Total equity 6,497,155 44 5,590,955 54					
TOTAL <u>\$ 14,667,430</u> <u>100</u> <u>\$ 10,365,088</u> <u>100</u>	Total equity	6,497,155	44	5,590,955	54
	TOTAL	\$ 14,667,430	100	\$ 10,365,088	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 17, 2021)

STANDALONE STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Y	Year End	ed December 31	
	2020		2019	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4, 22 and 30)	\$ 8,998,674	100	\$ 7,892,295	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 10, 23 and 30)	8,384,992	93	7,359,635	93
GROSS PROFIT	613,682	7	532,660	7
REALIZED (UNREALIZED) GROSS PROFIT ON TRANSACTIONS WITH SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES	1,782	<u> </u>	2,535	_ _
REALIZED GROSS PROFIT	615,464	7	535,195	7
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 9, 20, 23 and 30) Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses Research and development expenses Expected credit loss	135,133 149,970 142 	1 2 -	124,424 150,012 113 35,406	2 2 -
Total operating expenses	<u>285,401</u>	3	309,955	4
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	330,063	4	225,240	3
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 23 and 30) Interest income Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of the profit of subsidiaries and associates	6,797 179,880 (39,621) (41,621) 632,921	2 - (1) - 7	11,760 53,184 205,766 (19,798) 707,062	- 1 2 - 9
Total non-operating income and expenses	738,356	8	957,974	12
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	1,068,419	12	1,183,214	15
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 24)	71,120	1	85,070	1
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	997,299	11	1,098,144	14
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 20, 21 and 24)			. =.	

(Continued)

STANDALONE STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For tl	he Year En	ded December 31	
	2020)	2019	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Unrealized gains and losses on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other	\$ 1,462	-	\$ (1,701)	-
comprehensive income Share of the other comprehensive income of	604,744	6	195,393	2
subsidiaries and associates Income tax relating to items that will not be	158,115	5 2	37,097	-
reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	(292	2) -	181	-
Share of the other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries and associates Income tax relating to items that may be	(27,075	5) -	(92,858)	(1)
reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	(3,179	<u> </u>	5,341	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	733,775	<u>8</u>	143,453	1
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	\$ 1,731,074	19	<u>\$ 1,241,597</u>	<u>15</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 25) Basic Diluted	\$ 1.56 1.56		\$ 1.72 1.72	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

(Concluded)

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 17, 2021)

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.

STANDALONE STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Dividends Per Share)

Total Equity	\$ 5,508,959	(1,028,467)	(1,028,467)	(18,571) 1,098,144	143,453	1,241,597	(112,563)		5,590,955	- (<u>790,907)</u>	(709,067) 66,659 (1,939) 997,299	733,775	1,731,074	(211,185)	1	\$ 6,497,155
Total Other Equity	\$ 48,062	1 1			147,989	147,989		(76,097)	119,954			731,572	731,572		(47,103)	\$ 804,423
Other Equity Unrealized Gains and Losses on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	\$ 63,842	' '			235,506	235,506		(76,097)	223,251	' '		761,826	761,826		(47,103)	\$ 937,974
Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Operations	\$ (15,780)	1 1			(87,517)	(87,517)			(103,297)			(30,254)	(30,254)			<u>\$ (133,551)</u>
Unappropriated Earnings	\$ 1,793,174	(143,807) (1,028,467)	(1,172,274)	1,098,144	(4,536)	1,093,608		76,097	1,790,605	(95,223) $(709,067)$	(804,290)	2,203	999,502	(162,628)	47,103	\$ 1,870,292
Retained Earnings Special Reserve	\$ 1,277								1,277							\$ 1.277
Legal Reserve	\$ 830,462	143,807	143,807	1					974,269	95,223	95,223					\$ 1,069,492
Capital Surplus	\$ 2,197,185	1 1		(18,571)			(112,563)		2,066,051					(48,557)		\$ 2,112,872
Ordinary Shares	\$ 638,799	1 1		1 1					638,799	1 1			'	1 1		\$ 638,799
	BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2019	Appropriation of earnings (Note 21) Legal reserve Cash dividends	Chang of showers in control remains and executions accounted for veits account.	State or changes in capital surplus or associates accounted to using equity method Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2019 Other comment from the year ended December 31, 2019	Outer comprehensive income (1058) for the year chack December 51, 2013, for of income tax	Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2019 Difference between consideration and corruing amount of subsidiaries acquired	or disposed (Note 2015) and the carrying amount of substitution and the Principle of Englands in control in co	Disjonation in equity institutions using as at rail value tillough other comprehensive income (Note 21)	BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2019 Annocariation of continue Mate 31,	Appropriation of earlings (2000 21) Legal reserve Cash dividends	Equity component of convertible bond issued by the Company (Note 17) Share of changes in capital surplus of associates using equity method Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2020 Other commandantian from Ones for the soor anded December 31, 2020 Other commandantian	Outs' compressive meonic (1038) for the year chack December 21, 2020, for of income tax	Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020 Difference between consideration and corruing amount of subsidiaries acquired	Directive between consideration and carrying amount of substitution or disposed (Note 26) Share of changes in equities of substituties (Note 26)	Disposal of investments in equity institutions designated as at fair value unrough other comprehensive income (Note 21)	BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2020

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 17, 2021)

STANDALONE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For	the Year End	led D	ecember 31
		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit before income tax	\$	1,068,419	\$	1,183,214
Adjustments for:				,
Depreciation expense		16,109		15,606
Amortization expense		1,431		1,530
Expected credit loss		156		35,406
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(1,613)		(45,993)
Finance costs		41,621		19,798
Interest income		(6,797)		(11,760)
Dividend income		(163,851)		(34,461)
Share of the profit of subsidiaries and associates		(632,921)		(707,062)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net		(1)		(6)
Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method		-		(162,602)
Impairment loss recognized on non-financial assets		108		776
Realized gain on the transactions with subsidiaries and associates		(1,782)		(2,535)
Other		(1,366)		21,946
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		(1,500)		21,540
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit				
or loss		(17,933)		24,253
Notes and accounts receivable, net		(221,265)		(203,030)
Accounts receivable - related parties		1,013		(203,030) $(2,107)$
Other receivables		(2,083)		3,753
Inventories		(80,678)		(101,086)
Other current assets		14,781		16,287
Contract liabilities		(33,922)		(44,740)
		104,643		258,671
Accounts payable				·
Accounts payable - related parties		110,607		107,082
Other payables		13,840		70,721
Other current liabilities		407		35
Net defined benefit liabilities	_	(220)		(1,160)
Cash generated from operations		208,703		442,536
Interest received		6,775		11,971
Dividends received		655,667		458,829
Interest paid		(36,095)		(18,262)
Income taxes paid		(66,312)		(73,600)
Net cash generated from operating activities		768,738		821,474
CASH ELOWS EDOM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other				
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other		(2.527.927)		(944 025)
comprehensive income		(2,527,827)		(844,925)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other		26.001		201 272
comprehensive income		36,991		201,372
				(Continued)

STANDALONE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the Year En	ded December 31
	2020	2019
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using the equity	\$ (730,316)	\$ (241,297)
method	-	24,469
Proceeds from capital reduction of investments accounted for using equity method	71,145	48,285
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(375)	(2,976)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	1	6
Decrease in refundable deposits	-	43
Decrease in other receivables	105,000	-
Acquisition of intangible assets	-	(540)
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets	(215,929)	50,000
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,261,310)	(765,563)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from (repayment of) short-term borrowings	346,138	(66,085)
Proceeds from (repayment of) short-term bills payable	(200,000)	200,000
Proceeds from issuance of convertible bonds	1,200,741	-
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	2,625,000	1,315,600
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(635,000)	(730,000)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(7,088)	(7,057)
Dividends paid	(804,887)	(766,559)
Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities	2,524,904	(54,101)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	32,332	1,810
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	605,325	603,515
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 637,657</u>	\$ 605,325

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

(Concluded)

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 17, 2021)

2020 Consolidated Financial Statement

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. (the "Corporation") and its subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Corporation and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and their consolidated financial performance and their consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Corporation and its subsidiaries in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 24 to the consolidated financial statements, the Corporation had changed the par value of its ordinary shares from NT\$10 to NT\$1 and had reissued the capital shares in August 2020. Moreover, as described in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements, earnings per share were adjusted retrospectively.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters of the Corporation and its subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 are stated as follows:

Revenue Recognition of Specific Product

Due to the fact that the management may be under the pressure of achieving certain goals and market expectations, the possibility of overstating sales may arise. Sales of EME and IC leadframe have significant influence on the consolidated financial statements. Thus, we deem the occurrence of sales and the recognition of revenue from sales of EME and IC leadframe as key audit matters.

The audit procedures we performed in response to the above key audit matters are the following:

- a. We understood the design of internal control and tested the effectiveness of the implementation of the internal control on recognition of revenue from sales of EME and IC leadframe.
- b. We selected appropriate samples from the sales revenue record of EME and IC leadframe, and examined the customer purchase order, proof of delivery, and proof of payment as pertaining to the same transaction counterparty.
- c. We obtained details of sales returns and allowance for the year and after the year and verified that the sales transactions actually occurred before the balance sheet date.

Other Matter

We have also audited the standalone financial statements of the Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion with other matter paragraph.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and the IFRS, IAS, IFRIC and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation and its subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Corporation and its subsidiaries or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Corporation and its subsidiaries' financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

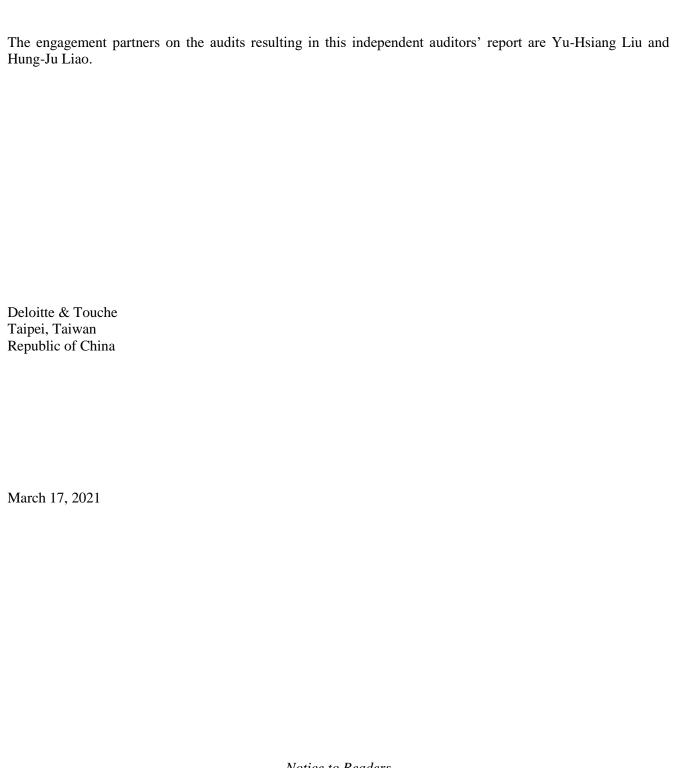
As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2 Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation and its subsidiaries' internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation and its subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation and its subsidiaries to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Corporation and its subsidiaries to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the Corporation and its subsidiaries' audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31,	2020	December 31,	2019
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4 and 7)	\$ 3,195,751 115,440	14	\$ 3,820,359 36,443	21
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current (Notes 4 and 8) Notes and accounts receivable, net (Notes 4, 5 and 9) Accounts receivable - related parties (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 33) Other receivables (Note 33)	767,426 3,645,658 33,556 55,416	3 16	771,843 3,488,978 20,340 63,137	4 20 -
Current tax assets (Note 27) Inventories (Notes 4, 5 and 10)	3,268 1,866,973	8	184 1,657,237	9
Other financial assets - current (Notes 11 and 34) Other current assets	1,293,618 140,880	6 1	50,000 113,830	1
Total current assets	11,117,986	48	10,022,351	55
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4 and 7)	188,944	1	231,946	1
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current (Notes 4 and 8) Investments accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4 and 13)	4,414,533 3,087,780	19 13	796,140 2,912,992	5 17
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4 and 14)	2,513,424	11	2,535,620	14
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 15) Investment properties (Notes 4, 16 and 33)	496,562 33,102	2	523,910 41,984	3
Goodwill (Notes 4 and 17)	661,696	3	676,767	4
Other intangible assets (Notes 4 and 18)	30,079	-	29,397	-
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 27) Refundable deposits	182,968 5,145	1	167,538 5,430	1
Other financial assets - non-current (Notes 11 and 34)	437,373	2	33,302	-
Other non-current assets (Note 23)	150,079		38,104	
Total non-current assets	12,201,685	52	7,993,130	45
TOTAL	<u>\$ 23,319,671</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 18,015,481</u>	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Short-term borrowings (Notes 19 and 34) Short-term bills payable (Note 19)	\$ 2,425,093	10	\$ 1,865,650 200,000	11 1
Contract liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 25)	105,695	1	160,654	1
Accounts payable (Note 21)	2,202,325	10	1,853,205	10
Accounts payable - related parties (Notes 21 and 33)	93,758 230,534	1	435,847 320,199	2 2
Dividends payable Other payables (Notes 22, 23 and 33)	1,029,422	4	906,176	5
Current tax liabilities (Note 27)	106,503	1	72,081	-
Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 15)	16,028	-	16,096	-
Other current liabilities	72,725		53,857	
Total current liabilities NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	6,282,083	27	5,883,765	32
Contract liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 25)	15,481	-	14,593	-
Bonds payable (Notes 4 and 20)	1,133,142	5	-	-
Long-term borrowings (Notes 19 and 34) Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 27)	6,579,112 268,583	28 1	3,474,456 433,729	20 2
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 15)	89,568	1	106,768	1
Net defined benefit liabilities (Notes 4 and 23)	18,349	-	41,373	-
Guarantee deposits Other non-current liabilities	11,051 6,762		7,502 6,361	
Total non-current liabilities	8,122,048	35	4,084,782	23
Total liabilities	14,404,131	62	9,968,547	55
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE CORPORATION (Note 24)	629 700	2	629 700	4
Ordinary shares Capital surplus	<u>638,799</u> 2,112,872	$\frac{3}{9}$	638,799 2,066,051	$\frac{4}{11}$
Retained earnings	2,112,072		2,000,051	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Legal reserve	1,069,492	5	974,269	5
Special reserve Unappropriated earnings	1,277 1,870,292	8	1,277 1,790,605	10
Total retained earnings	2,941,061	13	2,766,151	15
Other equity	804,423	3	119,954	1
Total equity attributable to owners of the Corporation	6,497,155	28	5,590,955	31
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Notes 12 and 24)	2,418,385	<u>10</u>	2,455,979	<u>14</u>
Total equity	8,915,540 \$ 23,310,671	<u>38</u>	8,046,934 \$ 18,015,481	<u>45</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 23,319,671</u>	_100	<u>\$ 18,015,481</u>	_100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 17, 2021)

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Y	Year End	ed December 31	
	2020		2019	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4, 25 and 33)	\$ 16,424,018	100	\$ 15,464,381	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 10, 14, 23, 26 and 33)	13,977,042	<u>85</u>	13,324,233	<u>86</u>
GROSS PROFIT	2,446,976	<u>15</u>	2,140,148	14
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 9, 23, 26 and 33)				
Selling and marketing expenses	308,664	2	293,606	2
General and administrative expenses	589,252	4	564,735	4
Research and development expenses	228,725	1	149,050	1
Expected credit loss (reversal of credit loss)	(742)		35,739	
Total operating expenses	1,125,899	7	1,043,130	7
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	1,321,077	8	1,097,018	7
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Note 26)				
Interest income	36,125	_	56,468	_
Other income	321,134	2	85,474	1
Other gains and losses	(174,255)	(1)	203,732	1
Finance costs	(82,946)	(1)	(51,780)	1
		1		2
Share of the profit of associates	192,231	1	383,668	2
Total non-operating income and expenses	292,289	2	677,562	4
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	1,613,366	10	1,774,580	11
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 27)	251,246	2	368,725	2
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	1,362,120	8	1,405,855	9
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 23, 24 and 27) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Unrealized gains and losses on investments in	3,558	-	(11,361)	-
equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	714,419	4	235,662 (Con	2 atinued)

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the	Year End	led D	ecember 31	
	2020			2019	
	 Amount	%		Amount	%
Share of the other comprehensive income of associates	\$ 96,856	1	\$	20,173	-
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit	1,579	-		2,113	-
or loss Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations Share of the other comprehensive income (loss) of	(102,989)	-		(148,193)	(1)
associates	13,400	-		(30,078)	-
Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	 17,741			33,259	<u> </u>
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	 744,564	5		101,575	1
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	\$ 2,106,684	<u>13</u>	\$	1,507,430	<u>10</u>
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Corporation Non-controlling interests	\$ 997,299 364,821		\$	1,098,144 307,711	
	\$ 1,362,120		\$	1,405,855	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:					
Owners of the Corporation Non-controlling interests	\$ 1,731,074 375,610		\$	1,241,597 265,833	
	\$ 2,106,684		<u>\$</u>	1,507,430	
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 28) Basic Diluted	\$ 1.56 1.56		\$	1.72 1.72	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 17, 2021)

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Equity Attribut	Equity Attributable to Owners of the Corporation	e Corporation					
		·		Retained Earnings	Unappropriated	Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign	Other Equity Unrealized Gains and Losses on Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive	Total Other	Total Equity Attributable to Owners of the	Non-controlling	
	Ordinary Shares	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Earnings	Operations	Income	Equity	Corporation	Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2019 Annyoni dion of semines (Note 24)	\$ 638,799	\$ 2,197,185	\$ 830,462	\$ 1,277	\$ 1,793,174	\$ (15,780)	\$ 63,842	\$ 48,062	\$ 5,508,959	\$ 2,646,648	\$ 8,155,607
Legal reserve Cash dividends			143,807		(143,807)	1 1			(1,028,467)		(1,028,467)
Chan of chances is anxied aumhus of according a constraint			143,807	'	(1,172,274)				(1,028,467)		(1,028,467)
Single or changes in capital surplus of associates accounted for using equity method Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2019 Other control to principle of the year of the surplus of the surpl		(18,571)	1 1		1,098,144				(18,571)	307,711	(18,571) 1,405,855
One comprehensive income (1988) for the year ended occentror 11, 2019, net of income tax					(4,536)	(87,517)	235,506	147,989	143,453	(41,878)	101,575
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2019 Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2019					1,093,608	(87,517)	235,506	147,989	1,241,597	265,833	1,507,430
Directive cetwern consucration and can juit gainount or subsidiaries acquired or disposed (Note 29) Decrease in non-controlling interests (Note 24)		(112,563)							(112,563)	(456,502)	(112,563) (456,50 <u>2</u>)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 24)					76,097		(76,097)	(76,097)			
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2019 Appropriation of servines (Note 24)	638,799	2,066,051	974,269	1.277	1,790,605	(103,297)	223,251	119,954	5,590,955	2,455,979	8,046,934
Head reserve Cash dividends			95,223		(95,223) (709,067)	1 1		1 1	- (709,007)		- (709,067)
			95,223		(804,290)				(709,067)		(709,067)
Equity component of convenience bond issued by the Corporation (Note 20)		69,99							69,659		66,659
State or changes in capital surplus of associates accounted for using equity method. Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2020 Other commediancing income flows? for the user anded December 31		(1,939)			997,299				(1,939)	364,821	(1,939)
2020, net of income tax	1			1	2,203	(30,254)	761,826	731,572	733,775	10,789	744,564
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020 Difference between consideration and carreins amount of					999,502	(30,254)	761,826	731,572	1,731,074	375,610	2,106,684
subsidiaries acquired or disposed (Note 29) Share of changes in equities of subsidiaries (Note 29) Decrease in non-controlling interests (Note 24)		30,658			(162,628)				30,658	(413,204)	(211,185) 30,658 (413,204)
Disposal of investments in equity institutions at lart value intough other comprehensive income (Note 24)	1			1	47,103		(47,103)	(47,103)			
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2020	\$ 638,799	\$ 2.112.872	\$ 1,069,492	\$ 1,277	\$ 1,870,292	\$ (133,551)	\$ 937,974	\$ 804,423	\$ 6,497,155	\$ 2.418.385	\$ 8,915,540

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 17, 2021)

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For	For the Year Ended December 31		
		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit before income tax	\$	1,613,366	\$	1,774,580
Adjustments for:	·	, ,	·	, ,
Depreciation expense		615,595		680,009
Amortization expense		12,481		15,274
Expected credit loss (reversal of credit loss)		(742)		35,739
Net gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(20,154)		(66,649)
Finance costs		82,946		51,780
Interest income		(36,125)		(56,468)
Dividend income		(207,886)		(46,602)
Share of the profit of associates		(192,231)		(383,668)
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net		18,458		(14,898)
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net Loss (gain) on disposal of investments accounted for using equity		10,150		(11,070)
method		15,995		(162,602)
Impairment loss recognized on non-financial assets		27,776		25,693
Other		31,310		18,634
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		31,310		10,054
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit				
or loss		(17,881)		37,021
		(155,845)		(191,477)
Notes and accounts receivable, net Accounts receivable - related parties		(133,843)		(1,641)
Other receivables				
Inventories		5,645		13,384
		(236,928)		54,679
Other current assets		(27,092)		18,028
Contract liabilities		(54,071)		(26,558)
Notes payable		240.120		(530)
Accounts payable		349,120		379,788
Accounts payable - related parties		(342,089)		32,167
Other payables		40,513		46,552
Other current liabilities		13,434		(55,803)
Net defined benefit liabilities		(20,285)		(9,762)
Other non-current liabilities		401		5,336
Cash generated from operations		1,502,495		2,172,006
Interest received		38,201		52,653
Dividends received		383,810		154,631
Interest paid		(69,796)		(48,905)
Income taxes paid		(382,796)		(314,837)
Net cash generated from operating activities		1,471,914		2,015,548
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income		(3,336,680)		(1,052,133) (Continued)

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the Year Ended December 31			
		2020		2019
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other				
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$	458,513	\$	277,033
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method	Ф	(295,152)	Ф	(28,000)
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using the equity		(293,132)		(28,000)
method		137,788		24,469
Proceeds from capital reduction of investments accounted for using		137,700		24,407
equity method		71,145		48,285
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(443,596)		(527,237)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		2,452		31,854
Decrease in refundable deposits		242		547
Acquisition of intangible assets		(2,611)		(7,987)
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets		(1,647,656)		56,918
Increase in other non-current assets		(219,201)		(20,236)
Net cash used in investing activities		(5,274,756)	_	(1,196,487)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		625,432		74,758
Repayment of short-term borrowings		(69,293)		(62,097)
Proceeds from (repayment of) short-term bills payable		(200,000)		200,000
Proceeds from issuance of convertible bonds		1,200,741		200,000
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		4,624,217		2,910,942
Repayment of long-term borrowings		(1,527,000)		(1,780,000)
Proceeds from (refund of) guarantee deposits received		3,398		(1,392)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities		(15,904)		(15,899)
Dividends paid		(804,887)		(766,559)
Decrease in non-controlling interests		(588,228)		(510,774)
Net cash generated from financing activities		3,248,476		48,979
c c		_		_
FFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(70,242)	_	(98,041)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH				
EQUIVALENTS		(624,608)		769,999
EQUITIEETTS		(021,000)		705,555
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE				
YEAR		3,820,359		3,050,360
	¢	2 105 751	¢	2 920 250
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$</u>	3,195,751	<u>\$</u>	3,820,359
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial	staten	nents.		(Concluded)
(With Deleitte & Touche auditors' remort dated March 17, 2021)				
(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 17, 2021)				

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. Comparison Table of "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings" before and after Amendments

	Content		
Article			Reason of
	After	Before	Amendment
Article 2	(Omitted)	(Omitted)	In accordance
	The reasons for convening a	(New)	28 January
	shareholders meeting shall be		2021 letter No.
	specified in the meeting notice and		1100001446
	public announcement. With the		of the Taiwan
	consent of the addressee, the		Stock
	meeting notice may be given in		Exchange
	electronic form.		Corporation
	Election or dismissal of directors,	Election or dismissal of directors,	
	amendments to the articles of	amendments to the articles of	
	incorporation, reduction of capital,	incorporation, reduction of capital,	
	application for the approval of ceasing	application for the approval of ceasing	
	its status as a public company,	its status as a public company,	
	approval of competing with the	approval of competing with the	
	company by directors, surplus profit	company by directors, surplus profit	
	distributed in the form of new shares,	distributed in the form of new shares,	
	reserve distributed in the form of new	reserve distributed in the form of new	
	shares, the dissolution, merger, or	shares, the dissolution, merger, or	
	demerger of the corporation, or any	demerger of the corporation, or any	
	matter under Article 185, paragraph 1	matter under Article 185, paragraph 1	
	of the Company Act, Article 26-1 and	of the Company Act shall be set out	
	43-6 of the Securities and Exchange	and the essential contents explained in	
	Act or Article 56-1 and 60-2 of the	the notice of the reasons for convening	
	Regulations Governing the Offering	the shareholders meeting. None of the	
	and Issuance of Securities by	above matters may be raised by an	
	Securities Issuers shall be set out and	extraordinary motion; the essential	
	the essential contents explained in the	contents may be posted on the	
	notice of the reasons for convening the	website designated by the competent	
	shareholders meeting. None of the	authority in charge of securities	
	above matters may be raised by an	affairs or the Corporation, and such	
	extraordinary motion.	website shall be indicated in the	
		above notice.	
		3371 1 2 6 11 12	
	Where re-election of all directors as	Where re-election of all directors as	
	well as their inauguration date is stated	well as their inauguration date is stated	
	in the notice of the reasons for	in the notice of the reasons for	
	convening the shareholders meeting,	convening the shareholders meeting,	
	after the completion of the re-election	after the completion of the re-election	

	Content		
Article	After Before		Reason of
	in said meeting such inauguration date may not be altered by any extraordinary motion or otherwise in the same meeting. A shareholder holding one percent or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to this Corporation a written proposal for discussion at a regular shareholders meeting. The number of items so proposed, however, is limited to one only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda. A shareholder may propose shareholder proposal for urging the Corporation to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities be included in the agenda by the board of directors, however, is limited to one only, in accordance with Article 172-1 of the Company Act. In addition, when the circumstances of any subparagraph of Article 172-1, paragraph 4 of the Company Act apply to a proposal put forward by a shareholder, the board of directors may exclude it from the		Amendment
	agenda.		
	(Omitted)	(Omitted)	In accordance
	The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time, at	The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time.	In accordance 28 January
	the same time, relevant information		2021 letter No.
	such as the numbers of no voting	shareholders do not represent a	1100001446
	rights and the numbers of shares	1	of the Taiwan
	represented by the shareholders		Stock
1 '	present at a meeting of shareholders	•	Exchange
	shall be announced in the meeting.	no more than one hour, may be made.	Corporation
I '	However, when the attending If the quorum is not met after two		Corporation
	shareholders do not represent a postponements, but the attending		
	majority of the total number of issued shareholders represent one third or		
	shares, the chair may announce a	more of the total number of issued	

A 1	Cor	Basis and		
Article	After	Before	Reason of Amendment	
	postponement, for a combined total of no more than one hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within one month. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned.	shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within one month.		
	(Omitted)	(Omitted)		
Article 17	(Omitted) The election of directors at a shareholders meeting shall be held in accordance with the applicable election and appointment rules adopted by this Corporation, and the voting results shall be announced on-site immediately, including the names of those elected as directors, the numbers of votes with which they were elected; and the names of those fail to be elected as directors, the numbers of votes with which they obtained.	(Omitted) The election of directors at a shareholders meeting shall be held in accordance with the applicable election and appointment rules adopted by this Corporation, and the voting results shall be announced on-site immediately, including the names of those elected as directors and the numbers of votes with which they were elected.	In accordance 28 January 2021 letter No. 1100001446 of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation	
	(Omitted)	(Omitted)		

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. Comparison Table of "Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets" before and after Amendments

	Content					
Article	After	Before	Reason of			
	Aitei	Defore	Amendment			
Article 5	The degree and hierarchy of	The degree and hierarchy of	Amended			
	authority delegated	authority delegated	according to			
	The Company's assets are acquired	± •				
	or disposed of by the responsible	or disposed of by the responsible	operation			
	officer in accordance with the	officer in accordance with the	needs.			
	provisions of the Company's	provisions of the Company's				
	,	internal control system regarding				
	fixed assets and investment	fixed assets and investment				
	procedures. Related disposition	procedures. Related disposition				
	shall be determined within the	shall be determined within the				
	following degree and hierarchy of authority delegated:	following degree and hierarchy of authority delegated:				
	(Omitted)	(Omitted)				
	4. The total amount of real estate	4. The total amount of real estate				
	and its right-to-use assets or	and its right-to-use assets or				
	marketable securities that the	marketable securities that the				
	Company and its subsidiaries	Company and its subsidiaries				
	may purchase, and the limit of	may purchase, and the limit of				
	investment in individual	investment in individual				
	marketable securities, shall be	marketable securities, shall be				
	subject to the limits set forth	subject to the limits set forth				
	below:	below:				
	(1) The total value of	(1) The total value of				
	non-operating real estate and	non-operating real estate and				
	its right-to-use assets shall	its right-to-use assets shall				
	not exceed 30% of the net	not exceed 30% of the net				
	value of the respective	value of the respective				
	companies (based on the	companies (based on the				
	record of most recent	record of most recent				
	financial statements).	financial statements).				
	(2) The total value of the	(2) The total value of the				
	Company's investment in securities shall not exceed	Company's investment in securities shall not exceed				
	500% of the Company's net	300% of the Company's net				
	value (based on the record of					
	most recent financial	most recent financial				
	statement); the total value of	statement); the total value of				
	the subsidiary's investment	the subsidiary's investment				
	in securities shall not exceed	in securities shall not exceed				
	500% of the company's net	500% of the company's net				
	value (based on the record of					
	most recent financial	most recent financial				
	statement).	statement).				

	Content				
Article	rticle After Before				
	(3) The total value of the	(3) The total value of the			
	Company's investment in	Company's investment in			
	individual securities shall	individual securities shall			
	not exceed 400% of the	not exceed 100% of the			
	Company's net value (based	Company's net value (based			
	on the record of most recent	on the record of most recent			
	financial statement); the	financial statement); the			
	total value of the subsidiary's	total value of the subsidiary's			
	investment in individual	investment in individual			
	securities shall not exceed	securities shall not exceed			
	500% of the company's net	500% of the company's net			
	value (based on the record of	value (based on the record of			
	most recent financial	most recent financial			
	statement).	statement).			
	(4) The net investment of the	(4) The net investment of the			
	Company and its	Company and its			
	subsidiaries in short-term investments shall not exceed	subsidiaries in short-term investments shall not exceed			
	30% of the net value of each	30% of the net value of each			
	company's net value (based	company's net value (based			
	on the record of most recent	on the record of most recent			
	financial statement).	financial statement).			
	(5) (Deleted)	(5) For the investee are			
	(E) (Beleteu)	companies establish by the			
		Company or their positions			
		of director or supervisor			
		are hold by the Company,			
		if the Company intends to			
		make long-term			
		investment, the related			
		investment shall be			
		exempted from the			
		regulation of paragraph			
		(2) However, the total			
		amount of investment in			
		securities shall not exceed			
		150% of the Company's			
		net value (based on the			
		record of most recent			
		<u>financial statement).</u>			
	(Omitted)	(Omitted)			

Appendix

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. Articles of Incorporation

Chapter I General

Article 1: The Company is organized under the Company Act and is named Chang Wah

Electromaterials Inc.

Article 2: The Company's scope of business is as follow:

- (1) F113020 Wholesale of Electrical Appliances
- (2) F113070 Wholesale of Telecommunication Apparatus
- (3) F213010 Retail Sale of Electrical Appliances
- (4) F213060 Retail Sale of Telecommunication Apparatus
- (5) F401010 International Trade
- (6) C805010 Manufacture of Plastic Sheets, Pipes and Tubes
- (7) C805020 Manufacture of Plastic Films and Bags
- (8) F107190 Wholesale of Plastic Films and Bags
- (9) F119010 Wholesale of Electronic Materials
- (10) F113010 Wholesale of Machinery
- (11) F213080 Retail Sale of Machinery and Tools
- (12) E604010 Machinery Installation
- (13) JE01010 Rental and Leasing
- (14) F106010 Wholesale of Hardware
- (15) IG03010 Energy Technical Services
- (16) D101040 Non-Public Electric Power Generation
- (17) E601010 Electric Appliance Construction
- (18) E601020 Electric Appliance Installation
- (19) CC01080 Electronics Components Manufacturing
- (20) I501010 Product Designing
- (21) ZZ99999 All business items that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those that are subject to special approval.
- Article 2-1: The Company may provide external guarantees for business purposes in accordance with the law and related regulations.
- Article 2-2: The total amount of the Company's reinvestment is not limited to 40% of the paid-in capital.
- Article 3: The Company has the headquarters in Kaohsiung City, and may establish branch offices in appropriate locations in Taiwan and abroad if necessary, by resolution of the Board of Directors.

Chapter II Shares

Article 4: The total capital of the Company is set at NT\$1.2 billion, divided into 1.2 billion shares at NT\$1 per share, which the Board of Directors is authorized to issue in installments, some of which may be preferred shares. The aforementioned capital stock is reserved with 120 million shares, which is reserved for the exercise of employee stock warrants, new restricted employee shares, preferred shares, and corporate bonds with warrants and may be issued in installments in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors.

Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of parents or subsidiaries of the Company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive shares, receive share subscription warrant, and receive restricted stock for employees may be specified by the Board of Directors.

Article 4-1: The rights and obligations covered by the preferred shares and other important conditions of the issue of such shares by the Company are as follows:

- 1. Capped at an annual rate of 8%, dividends on preferred shares may be paid in cash on a yearly basis, based on the issue price per share, on a record date fixed by the Board of Directors or by the Chairman authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors for payment of dividends for the preceding year. The payment of dividends in the year of issue and the year of recovery is calculated based on the actual number of days the shares were outstanding in that year.
- 2. The Company has the discretion to distribute dividends on the preferred shares. In the event of no or insufficient surplus in the annual financial statements of the Company to distribute dividends on the preferred shares or other necessary considerations, the Board of Directors may resolve not to distribute such dividends and such decision shall not constitute a default. Where preferred shares issued are not of a cumulative nature, dividends not to be distributed or to be distributed inadequately by resolution are not cumulatively deferred for payment in subsequent years of surplus.
- 3. Holders of preferred shares shall not participate in the distribution of ordinary shares in respect of surplus and capital reserves for cash and capitalization, if the preferred shares issued are in a non-participating form, other than receive the dividend referred to in subparagraph 1 of this paragraph.
- 4. Preferred shares issued by the Company which are convertible shall not be converted within one year from the date of issue. The period during which they may be converted is to be determined in the conditions of the issue by the Board of Directors as authorized. Holders of convertible preferred shares may apply for conversion of some or all of their preferred shares in the ratio of one preferred share to one ordinary share (1:1) in accordance with the conditions of the issue. Upon conversion of the convertible preferred shares into ordinary shares, the rights and obligations are the same as those covered by ordinary shares. Holders of preferred shares converted into ordinary shares before the ex-rights/ex-dividend date of the year of conversion may participate in the distribution of ordinary shares' earnings and capital reserves in that year but not in the distribution of dividends on the preferred shares in that year. Holders of preferred shares converted into ordinary shares after the ex-rights/ex-dividend date of the year of conversion may participate in the distribution of dividends on the preferred shares in that year but not in the distribution of ordinary shares' earnings and capital reserves in that year. Dividends on preferred shares and dividends/bonuses on ordinary shares in the same year are distributed on a non-repeating basis.
- 5. Holders of preferred shares shall have priority in the distribution of the remaining property of the Company over holders of ordinary shares and shall receive indemnification in the same order as the holders of each class of preferred shares issued by the Company, being lower than that of general creditors, to the extent that the amount thereof does not exceed that of the issued and outstanding preferred shares at the time of the distribution, calculated at the issue price.
- 6. Holders of preferred shares shall not have the rights to vote and elect at shareholder meetings but shall be entitled to be elected directors and shall have the right to vote at meetings of holders of preferred shares and at shareholder meetings concerning the rights and obligations of such holders.
- 7. Preferred shares have no maturity date and holders thereof shall not require the Company to recover the preferred shares held by them, but the Company may, at any time from the next day upon five years after the issue, recover all or any part of the preferred shares at the original issue price. The unrecovered preferred shares shall continue to be subject to the rights and obligations set out under the conditions of the issue in the preceding subparagraphs. If the Company resolves to pay a dividend in that year, the dividend payable up to the date of recovery

shall be calculated based on the actual number of days the shares were outstanding in that year.

8. The Board of Directors is mandated to list the preferred shares and the ordinary shares converted on the Taiwan Stock Exchange or the Taipei Exchange, subject to the conditions of the Company and the market, etc.

The name of the preferred shares, the date of issue and the specific conditions of the issue are to be determined by the Board of Directors as mandated under the Company's articles of incorporation and relevant laws and regulations, depending on the capital market conditions and investors' willingness to subscribe when the preferred shares are issued.

Article 5:

The shares of the Company shall be in registered form, signed or sealed by the directors on behalf of the Company, and shall be issued with certification in accordance with the law.

When issuing new shares, the Company may print certificates for the total number of shares to be issued, or may not print certificates at all, provided that the certificates are kept or registered with a centralized securities depository.

The Company's share affairs are handled in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies", unless otherwise required by the relevant securities laws and regulations.

Chapter III Shareholders Meeting

Article 6:

The Company's shareholders meetings are as the following two types:

- 1. Ordinary meetings shall be convened once a year by the Board of Directors, within six months after the end of each fiscal year.
- 2. Interim meetings shall be convened as required by law.

When necessary, a meeting of preferred shareholders may be held in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations.

Article 7:

In the event that a shareholder is unable to attend a shareholders meeting for any reason, he/she may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by issuing a letter of proxy issued by the Company specifying the scope of the authority. Unless otherwise provided in the Company Act, the Company shall follow the "Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies" established by the competent authority.

When the Company convenes a shareholders' meeting, the Company may exercise its voting rights in writing or by electronic means. The Company shall include electronic means as one of the methods for shareholders to exercise their voting rights, and shareholders who exercise their voting rights by electronic means shall be deemed to be present in person, and the related matters shall be handled in accordance with the laws and regulations.

The shareholders who are entitled to do so may propose to the Company a proposal for discussion at a regular shareholders' meeting, provided that only one matter shall be allowed in each single proposal, and in case a proposal contains more than one matter, such proposal shall not be included in the agenda. All related operations shall be conducted in accordance with the Company Act and related regulations.

Article 8:

Except in the circumstances otherwise provided for in the Company Act, a shareholder shall have one voting power in respect of each share in his/her/its possession.

Article 9:

Unless otherwise provided for in the Company Act, a shareholders meeting shall proceed only if attended by shareholders representing more than one-half of the total outstanding capital stock of the Company. Resolutions of a shareholders meeting shall be made at the meeting with the concurrence of a majority of the votes held by the shareholders present at the meeting.

Article 10:

The shareholders' meeting shall be convened by the Board of directors, with the

chairperson as the chair. In case the chairperson of the Board of directors is absent, the chairperson of the Board of directors shall designate a person to act on his behalf; if the chairperson of the Board of directors does not designate a person to act on his behalf, the directors shall elect one among themselves to act on his behalf. If the shareholders meeting is convened by a party with power to convene but other than the Board of directors, the convening party shall chair the meeting. When there are two or more such convening parties, they shall mutually select a chair from among themselves.

Chapter IV Board of Directors

Article 11:

The Company shall have seven to nine directors to be elected at the shareholders meeting from among the individuals of legal capacity, with the term of three years. All directors shall be eligible for re-election. In case no election of new directors is effected after expiration of the term of office of existing directors, the term of office of out-going directors shall be extended until the time new directors have been elected and assumed their office.

The election of directors is based on the candidates nomination system under Article 192-1 of the Company Act, and matters related to its implementation are governed by the Company Act, the Securities and Exchange Act and other relevant laws and regulations.

The percentage of shareholdings of all directors shall be in accordance with the provisions prescribed by the competent authority in charge of securities affairs.

The Board of directors meeting may be attended by more than half of the directors as necessary, and a majority of the directors present agree to purchase liability insurance for all directors during their term of office.

Article 11-1:

The number of independent directors shall not be less than three and shall not be less than one-fifth of the number of directorships. Regulations governing the professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings and concurrent positions held, assessment of independence, method of nomination and election, and other matters for compliance with respect to independent directors shall be prescribed by the competent authority in charge of securities affairs.

Article 12:

The Board of directors shall be organized by the directors, and a chairperson shall be elected by and from among the directors with the presence of at least two-thirds of the directors and the consent of a majority of the directors present. The chairperson shall externally represent the Company.

Article 13:

Meetings of the Board of directors shall be convened by the chairperson of the Board of directors. In calling a meeting of the Board of directors, a notice shall be given to each director no later than seven days prior to the scheduled meeting date. In the case of emergency, a meeting of the Board of directors may be convened at any time. The notice of the convening of the Board of directors meeting may be given in writing, by e-mail or by fax.

Unless otherwise provided for in the Company Act, resolutions of the Board of Directors shall be adopted by a majority of the directors at a meeting attended by a majority of the directors.

In the case a director is unable to attend a board meeting for any reason, he/she may appoint in writing another director to attend as his/her proxy in accordance with the law, and the proxy may accept a proxy from one person only; if the director resides abroad, he/she may appoint in writing another shareholder residing in the country to attend the board meeting as his/her proxy on a regular basis, and he/she shall apply to the competent authority for registration, and the same applies to any change of proxy.

In case an independent director is unable to attend a board meeting to express his/her

objection or reservation for any reason, he/she shall not appoint a non-independent director to attend the board meeting on his/her behalf and shall give his/her opinion in writing, which shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting.

Article 14: In case a director participates in the meeting via tele- or video-conference, it shall deemed as attendance in person. In case a chairperson cannot perform his/her duty due to certain reason, the assignment of his/her deputy shall be conducted in accordance with the Company Act.

Article 15: The Company's Board of directors may establish functional committees such as Audit Committee and compensation committee, of which the Audit Committee shall be composed of all independent directors in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act, and shall consist of not less than three members, one of whom shall be the convener and at least one of whom shall have accounting or financial expertise. The duties, constitution, exercise of powers and other matters to be followed by the Audit Committee shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act, the Securities and Exchange Act and other relevant laws and regulations and the Company's bylaws.

Article 15-1: Directors' remuneration is set aside within a fixed annual budget of NT\$8 million. Directors' remuneration is determined by reference to the views of the remuneration committee authorized by the Board of directors, and paid in accordance with the degree of involvement of the Company's operations and contribution to the industry in general.

Chapter V Managerial Officers

Article 16: The Company may have one or more managerial officers. Appointment, discharge and the compensation of the managerial officers shall be in accordance with the Company Act.

Chapter VI Accounting

Article 17: The Company's fiscal year shall begin on January 1 and end on December 31 of each year. At the end of each fiscal year, the Board of directors shall submit to the Audit Committee for review or the Audit Committee shall appoint an accountant to review and submit a report to the shareholders for approval 30 days prior to the shareholders meeting, including (1) Business Report; (2) Financial Statement; (3) Proposal on Distribution of Surplus and Recovery of Losses

Article 18: The Company may distribute earnings or make up losses after the end of each

The Company may distribute earnings or make up losses after the end of each semi-annual accounting period. If there is any surplus at the end of each semi-annual accounting period, the Company shall first make up the accumulated deficit, estimate and retain the taxable contributions and compensation to employees and directors, and set aside 10% of the legal reserve, except when the legal reserve has reached the Company's total paid-in capital, and set aside or reverse the special reserve as required by law or regulations prescribed by the competent authority. If there is any surplus, the remaining balance shall be added to the accumulated undistributed earnings of the previous semi-accounting year, and the Board of directors shall prepare a proposal for the distribution of the earnings, which shall be resolved by the shareholders' meeting if the earnings are to be distributed in cash.

If there is any surplus in the Company's annual final accounts, the Company shall first pay taxes and make up for accumulated deficits, and then set aside 10% as legal reserve, except when the accumulated legal reserve has reached the amount of the Company's paid-in capital, and after setting aside or reversing the special reserve as required by law or by the competent authority, the remaining amount shall

be added to the accumulated undistributed earnings of the previous years and distributed in accordance with Article 4-1 of the Articles of Incorporation, and the Board of directors shall prepare a proposal for the distribution of earnings, and if the distribution is to be made by issuing new shares, a resolution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for distribution.

In accordance with Article 240 of the Company Act, the Company authorizes the distributable dividends and bonuses or the legal reserve and capital surplus provided for in Article 241 of the Company Act in whole or in part may be paid in cash after a resolution has been adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting.

- Article 18-1:
- The Company is in line with the overall environment and the growth characteristics of the industry, as well as the long-term financial planning of the Company, in order to achieve sustainable and stable business development. The Company's dividend policy is based on the residual dividend policy, which is based on the Company's future capital budget plan to measure the annual capital requirements, and the remaining earnings are distributed in the form of cash and stock dividends after reserving the necessary capital for financing. The distribution steps are as follows:
- 1. Determine the best capital budget.
- 2. Determine the amount of financing needed to meet the previous capital budget.
- 3. Determine the amount of capital to be financed by retained earnings.
- 4. The remaining earnings may be distributed to the shareholders in the form of dividends, after reserving an appropriate amount for operating needs, and the distribution should be no less than 10% of the Company's distributable earnings for the year, provided that the portion of cash dividends is no less than 10% of the total dividends to be paid.
- Article 18-2:

The Company shall distribute compensation to employees at no less than 1% and no more than 12% of the Company's profitability for the year. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the Company shall first make up for them.

When the Company's annual net income is over NT\$800 million, the surplus from NT\$800 million to NT\$1 billion and over NT\$1 billion, shall be increased the budget to directors remuneration of 2% and 4% increase in net income, respectively, and will be appropriated by resolution of the Company's stockholders in their meeting. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the Company shall first make up for them.

Compensation to employees may be distributed in the form of shares or in cash to employees of subsidiaries of the Company meeting certain specific requirements that are entitled to receive shares or cash; such requirements shall be established by the Board of directors.

Profit of the current year referred to in the first paragraph refers to the net income before taxation for the current year before the distribution of compensation to employees and compensation to directors.

The distribution of compensation to employees and compensation to directors shall be made by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of Board of directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting.

- Article 19:
- To transfer shares to employees at less than the average actual share repurchase price, the Company must have obtained the consent of at least two-thirds of the voting rights present at the most recent shareholders meeting attended by shareholders representing a majority of total issued shares in accordance with Article 10-1 and 13 of the Regulations Governing Share Repurchase by Exchange-Listed and OTC-Listed Companies
- Article 20: If the Company intends to issue employee stock warrants at a price lower than the

market price (net value per share), the Company shall comply with the provisions of Article 56-1 and Article 76 of the Regulations Governing Share Repurchase by Exchange-Listed and OTC-Listed Companies and shall only issue such warrants after the resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

Chapter VII Supplementary Provision

Article 21: The Company's bylaws and regulations are set forth separately.

Article 22: All matters not provided for in these Articles of Incorporation shall be governed

by the Company Act and other laws and regulations.

Article 23: These Articles of Incorporation were established on May 4, 1989.

The 1st amendment was made on December 15, 1990.

The 2nd amendment was made on November 6, 1995.

The 3rd amendment was made on December 15, 1996.

The 4th amendment was made on April 14, 1998.

The 5th amendment was made on June 30, 1998.

The 6th amendment was made on November 23, 2000.

The 7th amendment was made on December 11, 2000.

The 8th amendment was made on January 8, 2001.

The 9th amendment was made on August 28, 2001.

The 10th amendment was made on January 2, 2002.

The 11th amendment was made on March 4, 2002.

The 12th amendment was made on October 15, 2002.

The 13th amendment was made on June 24, 2003.

The 14th amendment was made on May 20, 2004.

The 15th amendment was made on June 17, 2005.

The 16th amendment was made on June 6, 2006.

The 17th amendment was made on May 30, 2007.

The 18th amendment was made on May 21, 2010.

The 19th amendment was made on May 19, 2011.

The 20th amendment was made on May 30, 2012.

The 21st amendment was made on June 13, 2013.

The 22nd amendment was made on May 14, 2014.

The 23rd amendment was made on May 13, 2016.

The 24th amendment was made on May 13, 2017.

The 25th amendment was made on May 9, 2018.

The 26th amendment was made on June 19, 2019.

The 27th amendment was made on June 19, 2020.

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.

Chairperson: Canon, Huang

Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings(before Amendments)

Article 1

To establish a strong governance system and sound supervisory capabilities for this Corporation's shareholders meetings, and to strengthen management capabilities, these Rules are adopted pursuant to Article 5 of the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies. The rules of procedures for this Corporation's shareholders meetings, except as otherwise provided by law, regulation, or the articles of incorporation, shall be as provided in these Rules.

Article 2

Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, this Corporation's shareholders meetings shall be convened by the board of directors.

This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting notice and proxy forms, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) before 30 days before the date of a regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of a special shareholders meeting. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and upload them to the MOPS before 21 days before the date of the regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of the special shareholders meeting. In addition, before 15 days before the date of the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at this Corporation and the professional shareholder services agent designated thereby as well as being distributed on-site at the meeting place.

Election or dismissal of directors, amendments to the articles of incorporation, reduction of capital, application for the approval of ceasing its status as a public company, approval of competing with the company by directors, surplus profit distributed in the form of new shares, reserve distributed in the form of new shares, the dissolution, merger, or demerger of the corporation, or any matter under Article 185, paragraph 1 of the Company Act shall be set out and the essential contents explained in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders meeting. None of the above matters may be raised by an extraordinary motion; the essential contents may be posted on the website designated by the competent authority in charge of securities affairs or the Corporation, and such website shall be indicated in the above notice.

Where re-election of all directors as well as their inauguration date is stated in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders meeting, after the completion of the re-election in said meeting such inauguration date may not be altered by any extraordinary motion or otherwise in the same meeting.

A shareholder holding one percent or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to this Corporation a written proposal for discussion at a regular shareholders meeting. The number of items so proposed, however, is limited to one only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda, provided a shareholder proposal for urging the Corporation to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities may still be included in the agenda by the board of directors. In addition, when the circumstances of any subparagraph of Article 172-1, paragraph 4 of the Company Act apply to a proposal put forward by a shareholder, the board of directors may exclude it from the agenda.

Prior to the book closure date before a regular shareholders meeting is held, this Corporation shall publicly announce its acceptance of shareholder proposals in writing or electronically, and the location and time period for their submission; the period for submission of shareholder proposals may not be

less than 10 days.

Shareholder-submitted proposals are limited to 300 words, and no proposal containing more than 300 words will be included in the meeting agenda. The shareholder making the proposal shall be present in person or by proxy at the regular shareholders meeting and take part in discussion of the proposal.

Prior to the date for issuance of notice of a shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall inform the shareholders who submitted proposals of the proposal screening results, and shall list in the meeting notice the proposals that conform to the provisions of this article. At the shareholders meeting the board of directors shall explain the reasons for exclusion of any shareholder proposals not included in the agenda.

This Corporation shall specify in its shareholders meeting notices the time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention.

The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at which attendance registrations are accepted shall be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable personnel assigned to handle the registrations.

This Corporation shall specify in its shareholders meeting notices the time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention.

The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at which attendance registrations are accepted shall be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable personnel assigned to handle the registrations.

Shareholders and their proxies (collectively, "shareholders") shall attend shareholders meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. This Corporation may not arbitrarily add requirements for other documents beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented by shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification.

This Corporation shall furnish the attending shareholders with an attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

This Corporation shall furnish attending shareholders with the meeting agenda book, annual report, attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and other meeting materials. Where there is an election of directors, pre-printed ballots shall also be furnished.

When the government or a juristic person is a shareholder, its proxy shall not be limited to one person, provided that the voting right that may be exercised shall be calculated on the basis of the total number of voting shares it holds. In case the aforesaid proxies are two persons or more, they shall exercise their voting right jointly.

Attendance at shareholders meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards handed in.

On the day of a shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation and the number of shares represented by proxies, and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the place of the shareholders meeting.

Article 3

For each shareholders meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by this Corporation and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization.

A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders meeting, and shall deliver the proxy form to this Corporation before five days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous proxy appointment.

After a proxy form has been delivered to this Corporation, if the shareholder intends to attend the

meeting in person or to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to this Corporation before two business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

When this Corporation holds a shareholder meeting, it shall adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic means and may adopt exercise of voting rights by correspondence. When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights with respect to the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting; it is therefore advisable that this Corporation avoid the submission of extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals.

A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means under the preceding paragraph shall deliver a written declaration of intent to this Corporation before two days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a declaration is made to cancel the earlier declaration of intent.

After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders meeting in person, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to this Corporation, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, before two business days before the date of the shareholders meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.

Article 4

The venue for a shareholders meeting shall be the premises of this Corporation, or a place easily accessible to shareholders and suitable for a shareholders meeting. The meeting may begin no earlier than 9 a.m..

Article 5

It is advisable that shareholders meetings convened by the board of directors be chaired by the chairperson of the board in person and attended by a majority of the directors, at least one supervisor in person, and at least one member of each functional committee on behalf of the committee. The attendance shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. When the chairperson of the board is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the chairperson, the chairperson shall appoint one of the directors shall be appointed to act as chair. Where the chairperson does not make such a designation, the directors shall select from among themselves one person to serve as chair.

When a director serves as chair, as referred to in the preceding paragraph, the director shall be one who has held that position for six months or more and who understands the financial and business conditions of the company. The same shall be true for a representative of a juristic person director that serves as chair.

If a shareholders meeting is convened by a party with power to convene but other than the board of directors, the convening party shall chair the meeting. When there are two or more such convening parties, they shall mutually select a chair from among themselves.

Article 6

This Corporation may appoint its attorneys, certified public accountants, or related persons retained by it to attend a shareholders meeting in a non-voting capacity.

Article 7

This Corporation, beginning from the time it accepts shareholder attendance registrations, shall make an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the registration procedure, the proceedings of the shareholders meeting, and the voting and vote counting procedures.

The recorded materials of the preceding paragraph shall be retained for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

Article 8

The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, for a combined total of no more than one hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within one month.

When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article 9

If a shareholders meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting agenda shall be set by the board of directors. Votes shall be cast on each separate proposal in the agenda (including extraordinary motions and amendments to the original proposals set out in the agenda). The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, which may not be changed without a resolution of the shareholders meeting.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply mutatis mutandis to a shareholders meeting convened by a party with the power to convene that is not the board of directors.

The chair may not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the meeting agenda of the preceding two paragraphs (including extraordinary motions), except by a resolution of the shareholders meeting. If the chair declares the meeting adjourned in violation of the rules of procedure, the other members of the board of directors shall promptly assist the attending shareholders in electing a new chair in accordance with statutory procedures, by agreement of a majority of the votes represented by the attending shareholders, and then continue the meeting.

After the meeting is adjourned, the shareholders shall not nominate a different chair to continue the meeting at the current location or another location.

Article 10

Before speaking, an attending shareholder must specify on a speaker's slip the subject of the speech, his/her shareholder account number (or attendance card number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak will be set by the chair.

A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually speak shall be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.

When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders may not speak or interrupt unless they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor.

Article 11

Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder may not speak more than twice on the same proposal, and a single speech may not exceed 3 minutes; if the consent of the chair, may be extended for 2 minutes and limited to once only. If the shareholder's speech violates the rules or exceeds the scope of the agenda item, the chair may terminate the speech.

Article 12

When a juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting.

When a juristic person shareholder appoints two or more representatives to attend a shareholders meeting, only one of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal.

Article 13

After an attending shareholder has spoken, the chair may respond in person or direct relevant personnel to respond.

Article 14

The chair shall allow ample opportunity during the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals and of amendments or extraordinary motions put forward by the shareholders; when the chair is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chair may announce the discussion closed, call for a vote, and schedule sufficient time for voting.

Article 15

Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of this Corporation.

Vote counting for shareholders meeting proposals or elections shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting, including the statistical tallies of the numbers of votes, shall be announced on-site at the meeting, and a record made of the vote.

Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the meeting and a copy distributed to each shareholder within 20 days after the conclusion of the meeting.

This Corporation may distribute the meeting minutes of the preceding paragraph by means of a public announcement made through the MOPS.

The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the chair's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted, and a summary of the deliberations and their voting results (including the number of voting rights), and disclose the number of voting rights won by each candidate in the event of an election of directors or supervisors. The minutes shall be retained for the duration of the existence of this Corporation.

If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation regulations, this Corporation shall upload the content of such resolution to the MOPS within the prescribed time period.

Article 16

When a meeting is in progress, the chair may announce a break based on time considerations.

Article 17

Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in this Corporation's articles of incorporation, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, followed by a poll of the shareholders. After the conclusion of the meeting, on the same day it is held, the results for each proposal, based on the numbers of votes for and against and the number of abstentions, shall be entered into the MOPS.

The election of directors at a shareholders meeting shall be held in accordance with the applicable election and appointment rules adopted by this Corporation, and the voting results shall be announced on-site immediately, including the names of those elected as directors and the numbers of votes with which they were elected.

The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

Article 18

When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected, and no further voting shall be required.

Article 19

The chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to help maintain order at the meeting place. When proctors or security personnel help maintain order at the meeting place, they shall wear an identification card or armband bearing the word "Proctor."

Article 20

In the case of air-raid sirens during the meeting, the meeting shall be halted and the location be evacuated. The meeting shall resume 2 hours after the sirens cease.

Article 21

In the event that a shareholders' meeting cannot be convened on the day as shown on the notice for any reason, or the meeting cannot be continued due to any reason during the process, the chair of that shareholders' meeting is authorized to announce to postpone or to resume within five days in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act, and is not applicable to the convening procedures set forth in Article 172 of the Company Act.

Article 22

These Rules shall take effect after having been submitted to and approved by a shareholders meeting. Subsequent amendments thereto shall be effected in the same manner.

Shareholding Status of the Directors

- I. The paid-in capital of the Company is NT\$681,955,350, and totally 681,955,350 shares have been issued.
- II. In accordance with Article 26 of the Securities and Exchange Act, the Board of Directors shall hold at least 54,556,428 shares in total.
- III. The number of shares held by the directors as of the date for suspension of share transfer of the shareholders' meeting (April 19, 2021) is as follows, which has met the criteria of the percentage stipulated in Article 26 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

			ding Shares		
Title	Name		Shares	Shareholding percentage	Remark
Chairperson	Yuan Yao Energy Technology Co., Ltd. Juristic person representative: Canon, Huang	June 19, 2019	42,106,820	6.17%	
Director	Yuan Yao Energy Technology Co., Ltd. Juristic person representative: Chou, Kang-Chi	June 19, 2019			
Director	Wah Lee Industrial Corp. Juristic person representative: Chang, Tsun-Hsien	June 19, 2019	197,902,180	29.02%	
Director	Wah Lee Industrial Corp. Juristic person representative: Chang, Jui-Ting	June 19, 2019			
Director	Huang, Siou- Chuang	June 19, 2019	2,658,470	0.39%	
Director	Hung, Chuen-Sing	June 19, 2019	0	0%	
Independent Director	Su, Erh-Lang	June 19, 2019	0	0%	
Independent Director	Hsin, Chun-Hao	June 19, 2019	0	0%	
Independent Director	Kung, Chi-Chuan	June 19, 2019	0	0%	
Total shares held by the directors		242,667,470	35.58%		

Note 1:The face value of the Company's shares was changed to NT\$1 per share, which was approved by Export Processing Zone Administration of the Ministry of Economic Affairs Official by Letter no. Jing-Chia-San-Shan-Tzu-1090006219 issued on Jul.1, 2020 and approved by Taiwan Stock Exchange by Official Letter no.Tai-Zheng-Shan-Yi-Tzu-1090011766 issued on Jul.9, 2020. New shares was fully exchanged on Aug. 17, 2020.

Note 2:The Company has set up an Audit Committee, so the requirement that the "number of shares held by supervisors should not be less than a certain percentage" does not apply.

CWE Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.